Industrial Lite-Managed Ethernet Switch IES-2042PA User's Manual

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Getting to Know Your Switch

1.1 About the IES-2042PA Lite-Managed Industrial Switch

The IES-2042PA switch is cost-effect and powerful industrial switch with many features. The switch can work under wide temperature and dusty environment and humid condition. The IES-2042PA switch can be managed by WEB and a useful Windows Utility we called Open-Vision. Open-Vision is powerful network management software. With its friendly and powerful interface, you can easily configure multiple switches at the same time, and monitor switches' status

1.2 Software Features

- World's fastest Redundant Ethernet Ring (Recovery time < 10ms over 250 units connection)
- Supports Ring Coupling, Dual Homing over O-Ring and standard STP/RSTP
- Support fast recovery mode
- Easy-to-configure: Web / Windows utility
- Windows utility (Open-Vision) for network management

1.3 Hardware Features

- Wide Operating Temperature: -40 to 70°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet port
- 100Base-FX SFP Fiber port

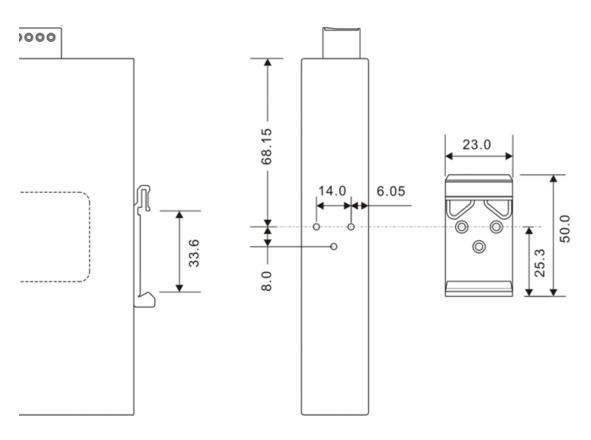


Hardware Installation

2.1 Installing Switch on DIN-Rail

Each switch has a DIN-Rail kit on rear panel. The DIN-Rail kit helps switch to fix on the DIN-Rail. It is easy to install the switch on the DIN-Rail:

2.1.1 Mount IES-2042PA on DIN-Rail

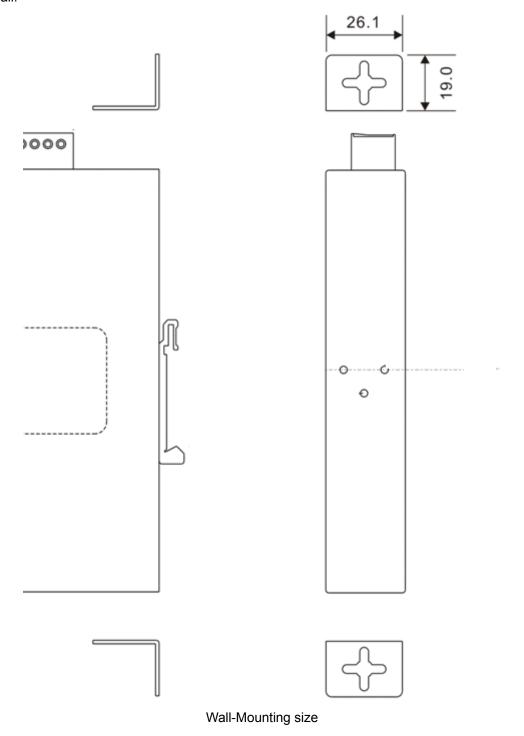


DIN-Rail Size



2.2 Wall Mounting Installation

Each switch has another installation method for users to fix the switch. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the switch on the wall:





Hardware Overview

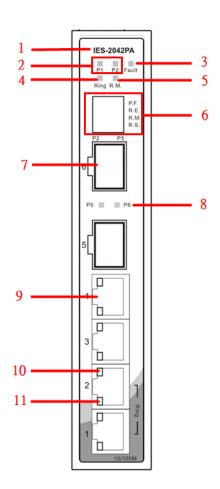
3.1 Front Panel

The following table describes the labels that stick on the IES-2042PA.

Port	Description
10/100 RJ-45 fast	10/100Base-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports support
Ethernet ports	auto-negotiation.
	Default Setting :
	Speed: auto
	Duplex: auto
	Flow control : disable
Reset	Push reset button 2 to 3 seconds to reset the switch.
	Push reset button 5 second to reset the switch into Factory
	Default.



IES-2042PA



- 1. Model name
- 2. LED for PWR1&PWR2 When the PWR links, the green led will be light on
- 3. LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the amber LED will be light on.
- 4. LED for Ring. When the led light on, it means the O-Ring is activated.
- 5. LED for R.M (Ring master). When the LED light on, it means that the switch is the ring master of O-Ring.
- 6. Dip Switch setting when the Dip sett

P.F: Power fault warning (On is enable, Off is disable)

R.E: O-Ring technology (On is enable, Off is disable)

R.M: Ring Master (On is enable, Off is disable)

R.S: Ring Select (P1/P2:Port1 and Port2, P5/P6:Port5 and Port6)

- 7. 100 Base Fiber port on SFP
- 8. LED for SFP LINK/ACT
- 9. 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports..
- 10. LED for Ethernet ports ACT status.
- 11. LED for Ethernet ports LINK status.



3.2 Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description
PWR1	Green	On	DC power module 1 activated.
PWR2	Green	On	DC power module 2 activated.
R.M	Green	On	O-Ring Master.
		Slowly blinking	O-Ring enabled.
Ring	Green		O-Ring topology has problem
		On	O-Ring work normally.
Fault	Amber	On	Fault relay. Power failure or Port
Fauit	Ambei		down/fail.
10/100Base-T(X) Fast Ethernet ports			
LNIK / ACT	Green	On	Port link up.
LNK / ACT		Blinking	Data transmitted.
LINK	Amber	On	LINK LED
100Base Fiber port on SFP			
LINK / ACT	Croon	On	Port link up
LINK / ACT	ACT Green	Blinking	Data transmitted

3.3 Bottom Panel

The bottom panel components of IES-2042PA is showed as below:

Terminal block includes: PWR1, PWR2 (12-48V DC) and Relay output (1A@24VDC).



IES-2042PA power connection



Cables

4.1 Ethernet Cables

The IES-2042PA switch has standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switches use CAT 3, 4, 5,5e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable Types and Specifications

Cable	Туре	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-TX	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45

4.1.1 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T Pin Assignments

With 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T cable, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	RD-
7	Not used
8	Not used



The IES-2042PA switch support auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC and switch. The following table below shows the 10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

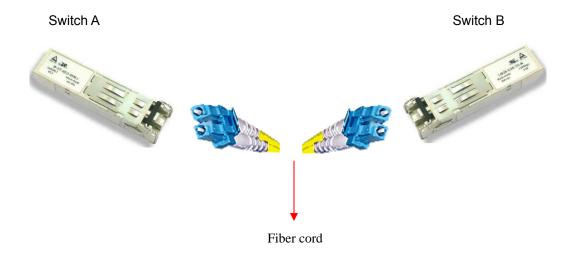
MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

4.2 SFP

The Switch has fiber optical ports with SFP connectors. The fiber optical ports are in multi-mode and single-mode with LC connector. Please remember that the TX port of Switch A should be connected to the RX port of Switch B.





WEB Management



5.1 Configuration by Web Browser

This section introduces the configuration by Web browser.

5.1.1 About Web-based Management

An embedded HTML web site resides in flash memory on the CPU board. It contains advanced management features and allows you to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management function supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later. It is based on Java Applets with an aim to reduce network bandwidth consumption, enhance access

speed and present an easy viewing screen.

Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

The default value is as below:

IP Address: 192.168.10.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway: 192.168.10.254

User Name: **admin**Password: **admin**

System Login

1. Launch the Internet Explorer.

2. Type http:// and the IP address of the switch. Press "Enter".

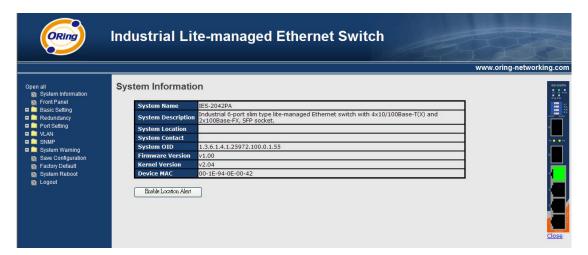




- 3. The login screen appears.
- 4. Key in the username and password. The default username and password is "admin".
- 5. Click "Enter" or "OK" button, then the main interface of the Web-based management appears.



Login screen

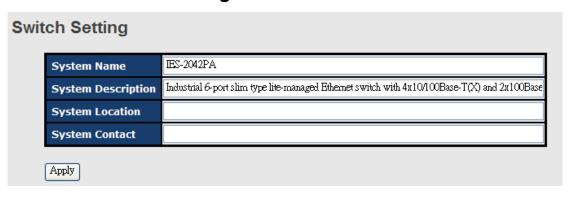


Main interface



5.1.2 Basic Setting

5.1.2.1 Switch setting



Switch setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
System Name	Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes
System Description	Display the description of switch.
System Location	Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64
	bytes
System Contact	Enter the name of contact person or organization
Firmware Version	Display the switch's firmware version
Kernel Version	Display the kernel software version
MAC Address	Display the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer
	(default)

5.1.2.2 Admin Password

Change web management login username and password for the management security issue



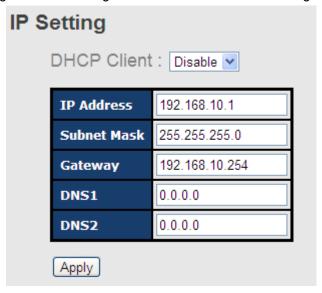
Admin Password interface



Label	Description
User name	Key in the new username (The default is "admin")
New Password	Key in the new password (The default is "admin")
Confirm password	Re-type the new password.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.3 IP configuration

You can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function through IP configuration.



IP Configuration interface

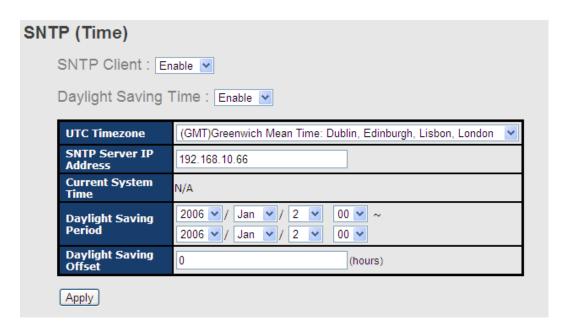
Label	Description	
DHCP Client	To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP	
	client function is enabling, the switch will assign the IP address	
	from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be	
	replaced by the IP address which the DHCP server has assigned.	
	After clicking "Apply" button, a popup dialog will show up to	
	inform you when the DHCP client is enabling. The current IP will	
	lose and you should find the new IP on the DHCP server.	
IP Address	Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client	
	function is enabling, you do not need to assign the IP address.	
	The network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the	
	switch and it will be displayed in this column. The default IP is	



	192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	Assign the subnet mask for the IP address. If DHCP client
	function is enabling, you do not need to assign the subnet mask.
Gateway	Assign the network gateway for the switch. The default gateway
	is 192.168.10.254
DNS1	Assign the primary DNS IP address
DNS2	Assign the secondary DNS IP address
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.4 SNTP Configuration

The SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings allow you to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.



SNTP Configuration interface

Label	Description		
SNTP Client	Enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP		
	server.		
Daylight Saving Time	Enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight		
	saving time is enabling, you need to configure the daylight saving		
	time period.		
UTC Time zone	Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the		
	different location time zone for your reference.		



Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am
EST - Eastern Standard CDT - Central Daylight	-5 hours	7 am
CST - Central Standard MDT - Mountain Daylight	-6 hours	6 am
MST - Mountain Standard PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 hours	5 am
PST - Pacific Standard ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-8 hours	4 am
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm

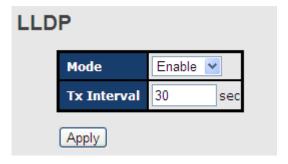


ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard		
GST	+10 hours	10 pm
Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9		
IDLE - International Date Line		
NZST - New Zealand Standard	+12 hours	Midnight
NZT - New Zealand		

Label	Description
SNTP Sever IP	Set the SNTP server IP address.
Address	
Daylight Saving	Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving
Period	ending time. Both will be different each year.
Daylight Saving	Set up the offset time.
Offset	
Switch Timer	Display the switch current time.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.5 LLDP

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) function allows the switch to advertise its information to other nodes on the network and store the information it discovers.



LLDP interface



Label	Description
LLDP Protocol	"Enable" or "Disable" LLDP function.
LLDP Interval	The interval of resend LLDP (by default at 30 seconds)
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.2.6 Dip Setting

You can select Dip switch mode enable or disable



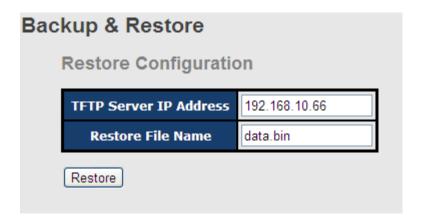
Dip setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen

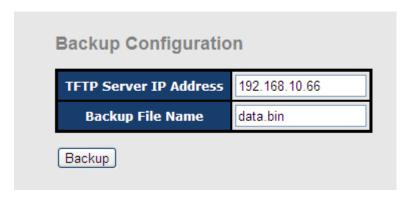
Label	Description
Dip Switch Mode	Enable or disable Dip Switch control
Apply	Apply setting

5.1.2.7 Backup & Restore

You can save current EEPROM value of the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.





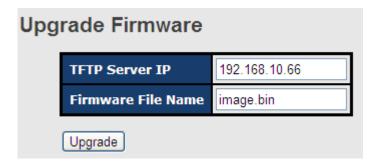


Backup & Restore interface

Label	Description
TFTP Server IP Address	Fill in the TFTP server IP
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Click "restore" to restore the configurations.
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Click "restore" to restore the configurations.
Backup	Click "backup" to backup the configurations.

5.1.2.8 Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade Firmware allows you to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.



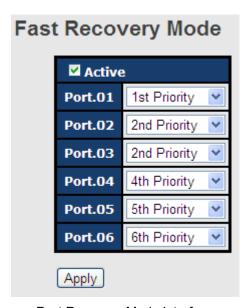
Update Firmware interface



5.1.3 Redundancy

5.1.3.1 Fast Recovery Mode

The Fast Recovery Mode can be set to connect multiple ports to one or more switches. The IES-2042PA with its fast recovery mode will provide redundant links. Fast Recovery mode supports 6 priorities, only the first priority will be the act port, the other ports configured with other priority will be the backup ports.



Fast Recovery Mode interface

Label	Description	
Active	Activate the fast recovery mode.	
port	Port can be configured as 6 priorities. Only the port with highest	
	priority will be the active port. 1st Priority is the highest.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	



5.1.3.2 O-Ring

O-Ring is one of the most powerful Redundant Ring technologies in the world. The recovery time of O-Ring is less than 10ms over 250 units of connections. It can reduce unexpected malfunction caused by network topology change. O-Ring technology supports three Ring topologies for network redundancy: O-Ring, Coupling Ring and Dual Homing.



O-Ring interface

Label	Description	
O-Ring	Mark to enable O-Ring.	
Ring Master	There should be one and only one Ring Master in a ring.	
	However if there are two or more switches which set Ring Master	
	to enable, the switch with the lowest MAC address will be the	
	actual Ring Master and others will be Backup Masters.	
1 st Ring Port	The primary port	
2 nd Ring Port	The backup port	
Coupling Ring	Mark to enable Coupling Ring. Coupling Ring can be used to	
	divide a big ring into two smaller rings to avoid effecting all	
	switches when network topology change. It is a good application	
	for connecting two O-Rings.	
Coupling Port	Link to Coupling Port of the switch in another ring. Coupling	
	Ring need four switch to build an active and a backup link.	

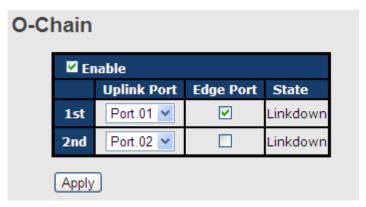


	Set a port as coupling port. The coupled four ports of four		
	switches will be run at active/backup mode.		
Control Port	Link to Control Port of the switch of the same ring. Control Port		
	used to transmit control signals.		
Dual Homing	Mark to enable Dual Homing. By selecting Dual Homing mode,		
	O-Ring will be connected to normal switches through two RSTP		
	links (ex: backbone Switch). The two links work as		
	active/backup mode, and connect each O-Ring to the normal		
	switches in RSTP mode.		
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.		

Note: We don't suggest you to set one switch as a Ring Master and a Coupling Ring at the same time due to heavy load.

5.1.3.3 O-Chain

O-Chain is the revolutionary network redundancy technology that provides the add-on network redundancy topology for any backbone network, providing ease-of-use while maximizing fault-recovery swiftness, flexibility, compatibility, and cost-effectiveness in one set of network redundancy topology. O-Chain allows multiple redundant network rings of different redundancy protocols to join and function together as a larger and more robust compound network topology, i.e. the creation of multiple redundant networks beyond the limitations of current redundant ring technology.

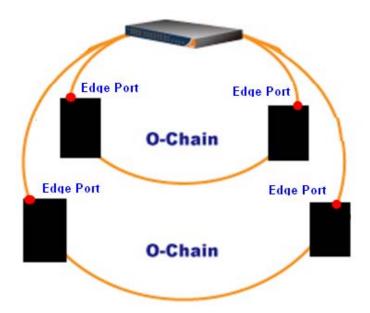


O-Chain interface

Label	Description
Enable	Enabling the O-Chain function
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring
Edge Port	In the O-Chain application, the head and tail of two Switch Port,

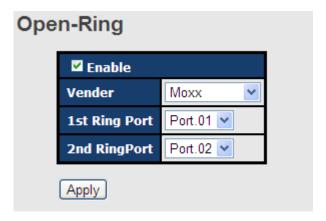


must start the Edge,MAC smaller Switch, Edge port will be the backup and RM LED Light.



5.1.3.4 Open-Ring

Open-Ring technology can be applied for other vendor's proprietary ring. Thus, you can add switches of ORing into the network constructed by other ring technology and enable Open-Ring to co-operate with other vendor's managed switch.

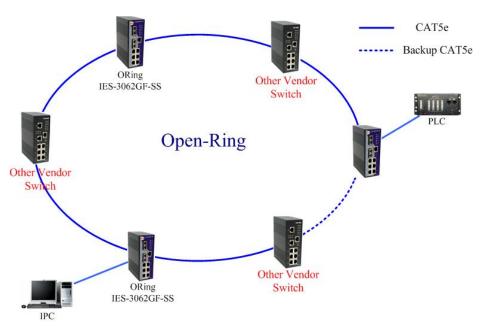


Open-Ring interface

Label	Description
Enable	Enabling the Open-Ring function
Vender	Choosing the venders that you want to join to their ring
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring



The application of Open-Ring is shown as below.



Open-Ring connection

5.1.3.5 RSTP

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol. It provides faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP setting

You can enable/disable the RSTP function, and set the parameters for each port.



RSTP - Setting

RSTP Mode : Enable 💌

Bridge Configuration

Priority (0-61440)	32768 💌
Max Age Time(6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Port Configuration

Port	Path Cost (1-200000000)	Priority (0-240)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non STP
1	200000	128	Auto 💌	True 💌	False 💌
2	200000	128	Auto 💌	True 💌	False 💌
3	200000	128	Auto 💌	True 💌	False 💌
4	200000	128	Auto 💌	True 💌	False 💌
5	200000	128	Auto 💌	True 💌	False 💌
6	200000	128	Auto 💌	True 💌	False 💌

Apply

RSTP Setting interface

Label	Description			
RSTP mode	You must enable or disable RSTP function before configuring the			
	related parameters.			
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the			
	lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root.			
	If the value changes, you must reboot the switch. The value			
	must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.			
Max Age (6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving			
	Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting			
	a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40.			
Hello Time (1-10)	The time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check			



	RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10.		
Forwarding Delay	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its		
Time (4-30)	Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the		
	forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.		
Path Cost	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting		
(1-20000000)	bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through		
	200000000.		
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a		
	number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple		
	of 16		
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within		
	RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only		
	be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a		
	point-to-point LAN segment), or it can be connected to two or		
	more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment).		
	This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated		
	administratively. True means P2P enabling. False means P2P		
	disabling.		
Admin Edge	The port is directly connected to end stations, and it cannot create		
	bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge		
	port, set the port to "True".		
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not		
	including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the		
	STP mathematic calculation.		
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.		

NOTE: Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time:

 $2 \times (Forward Delay Time value -1) \ge Max Age value \ge 2 \times (Hello Time value +1)$

RSTP Information

Show RSTP algorithm result at this table.



RSTP - Information

Root Bridge Information

Bridge ID	8000-001E94170067
Root Priority	32768
Root Port	Root
Root Path Cost	0
Max Age Time	20
Hello Time	2
Forward Delay Time	15

Port Information

Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	OperP2P	OperEdge	STP Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.02	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	200000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
Port.04	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.06	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

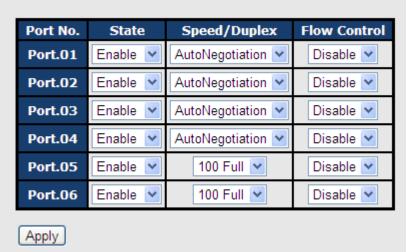
RSTP Information interface

5.1.4 Port Configuration

5.1.4.1 Port Control

By this function, you can set the state, speed/duplex, flow control, and security of the port.

Port Control



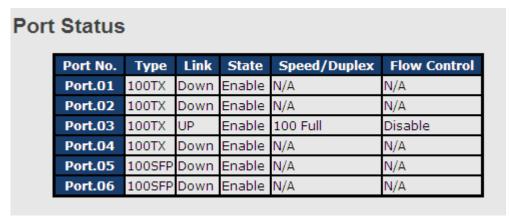
Port Control interface



Label	Description
Port NO.	Port number for setting.
State	Enable/Disable the port.
Speed/Duplex	You can set Auto-negotiation, 100 full,100 half,10 full,10 half
	mode.
Flow Control	Support symmetric and asymmetric mode to avoid packet loss
	when congestion occurred.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.4.2 Port Status

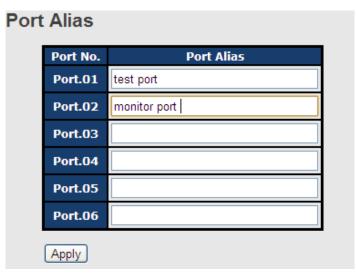
The following information provides the current port status.



Port Status interface

5.1.4.3 Port Alias

The user can define the name of every Port. User can be convenient management every Port.



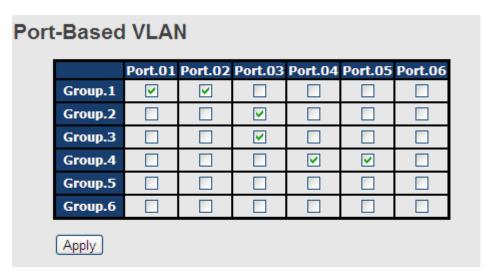


5.1.5 VLAN

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which allows you to isolate network traffic. Only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically. The switch supports port-based VLAN only.

5.1.5.1 VLAN Configuration – Port Based

Traffic is forwarded to the member ports of the same vlan group. vlan port based startup, set in the same group of the port, can be a normal transmission packet, without restricting the types of packets.



VLAN Configuration - Port Based VLAN interface

Label	Description
Group	Mark the blank to assign the port into VLAN group.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.6 SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

5.1.6.1 SNMP - Agent Setting

You can set SNMP agent related information by Agent Setting Function.



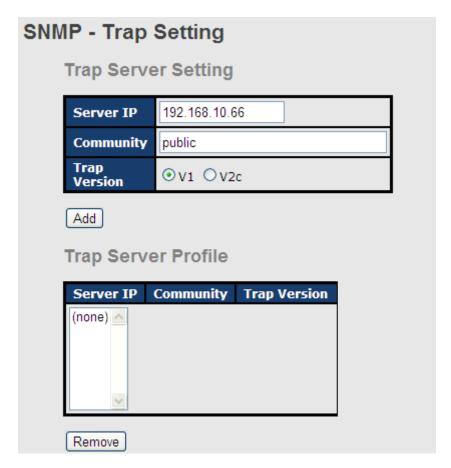
SNMP - Agent Setting interface

Label	Description		
SNMP - Agent	SNMP Community should be set for SNMP. Four sets of		
Setting	"Community String/Privilege" are supported. Each Community		
	String is maximum 32 characters. Keep empty to remove this		
	Community string.		



5.1.6.2 SNMP -Trap Setting

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

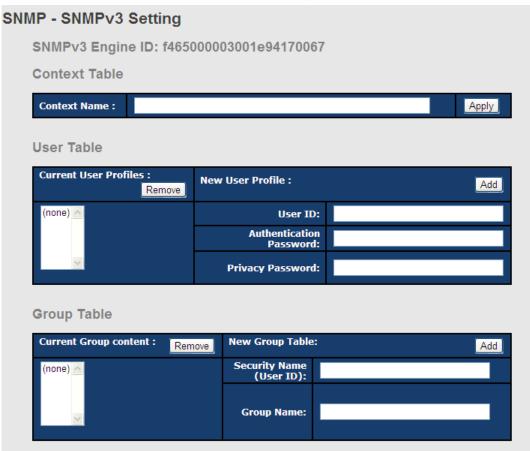


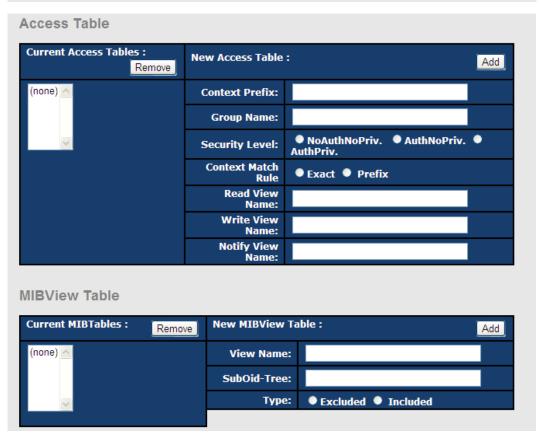
SNMP -Trap Setting interface

Label	Description
Server IP	The server IP address to receive Trap
Community	Community for authentication
Trap Version	Trap Version supports V1 and V2c.
Add	Add trap server profile.
Remove	Remove trap server profile.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.6.3 SNMP - SNMP-V3 Setting







Label	Description		
Context Table	Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of		
	context table. Click "Apply" to change context name		
User Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 user table.		
	2. User ID: set up the user name.		
	3. Authentication Password: set up the		
	authentication password.		
	4. Privacy Password: set up the private password.		
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.		
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.		
Group Table	Configure SNMP v3 group table.		
	2. Security Name (User ID): assign the user name		
	that you have set up in user table.		
	3. Group Name: set up the group name.		
	4. Click "Add" to add context name.		
	5. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.		
Access Table	Configure SNMP v3 access table.		
	2. Context Prefix: set up the context name.		
	3. Group Name: set up the group.		
	4. Security Level: select the access level.		
	5. Context Match Rule: select the context match rule.		
	6. Read View Name: set up the read view.		
	7. Write View Name: set up the write view.		
	8. Notify View Name: set up the notify view.		
	9. Click "Add" to add context name.		
	10. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.		
MIBview Table	Configure MIB view table.		
	2. ViewName: set up the name.		
	3. Sub-Oid Tree: fill the Sub OID.		
	4. Type: select the type – exclude or included.		
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.		
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.		
Help	Show help file.		



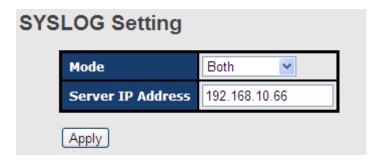
5.1.7 System Warning

Warning function is very important for managing switch. You can manage switch by SYSLOG, E-MAIL, and Fault Relay. It helps you to monitor the switch status on remote site. When events occurred, the warning message will send to your appointed server, E-MAIL, or relay fault to switch panel.

5.1.7.1 Syslog Setting

The SYSLOG is a protocol to transmit event notification messages across networks.

Please refer to RFC 3164 - The BSD SYSLOG Protocol



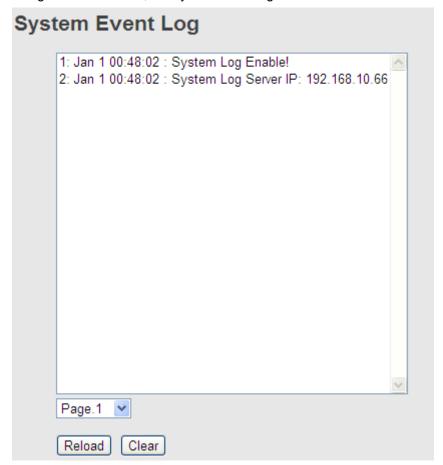
System Warning - SYSLOG Setting interface

Label	Description	
SYSLOG Mode	■ Disable: disable SYSLOG.	
	■ Client Only: log to local system.	
	■ Server Only: log to a remote SYSLOG server.	
	■ Both: log to both of local and remote server.	
SYSLOG Server IP	The remote SYSLOG Server IP address.	
Address		
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	



5.1.7.2 System Event Log

If system log client is enabled, the system event logs will show in this table.



System event log interface

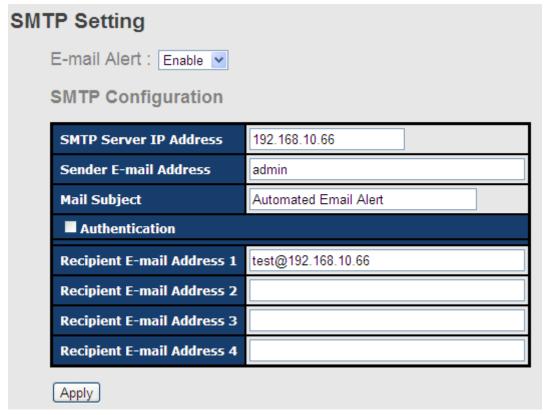
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Page	Select LOG page.
Reload	To get the newest event logs and refresh this page.
Clear	Clear log.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.3 SMTP Setting

The SMTP is Short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. It is a protocol for e-mail transmission across the Internet. Please refer to RFC 821 - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.





System Warning – SMTP Setting interface

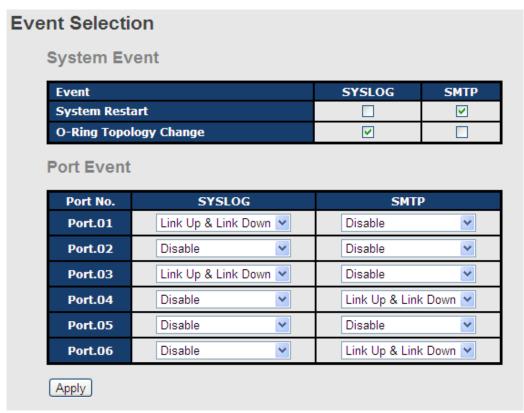
Label	Description
E-mail Alarm	Enable/Disable transmission system warning events by e-mail.
Sender E-mail	The SMTP server IP address
Address	
Mail Subject	The Subject of the mail
Authentication	■ Username: the authentication username.
	■ Password: the authentication password.
	■ Confirm Password: re-enter password.
Recipient E-mail	The recipient's E-mail address. It supports up to 6 recipients per
Address	mail.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.7.4 Event Selection

SYSLOG and SMTP are the two warning methods that supported by the system. Check the corresponding box to enable system event warning method you wish to choose.

Please note that the checkbox cannot be checked when SYSLOG or SMTP is disabled.



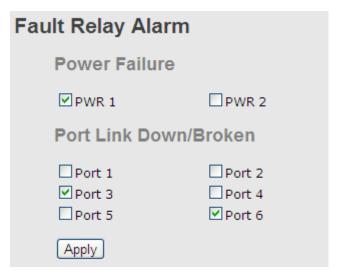
System Warning - Event Selection interface

Label	Description
System Event	
System Cold Start	Alert when system restart
O-Ring Topology	Alert when O-Ring topology change
Change	
Port Event	■ Disable
	■ Link Up
	■ Link Down
	■ Link Up & Link Down
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.7.5 Fault Relay Alarm

When any selected fault event is happened, the Fault LED in switch panel will light up and the electric relay will signal at the same time.



Fault alarm interface

5.1.8 Save Configuration

If any configuration changed, "Save Configuration" should be clicked to save current configuration data into the permanent flash memory. Otherwise, the current configuration will be lost when power off or system reset.



System Configuration interface

Label	Description
Save	Save all configurations.
Help	Show help file.



5.1.9 Factory Default



Factory Default interface

Reset switch to default configuration. Click Reset to reset all configurations to the default value. You can select "Keep current IP address setting" and "Keep current username & password" to prevent IP and username & password from default.

5.1.10 System Reboot



System Reboot interface



Technical Specifications

ORing Switch Model	IES-2042PA
Physical Ports	
10/100 Base-T(X) Ports in RJ45 Auto MDI/MDIX	4
100Base-FX SFP Ports	2
Technology	
Ethernet Standards	IEEE 802.3 for 10Base-T IEEE 802.3u for 100Base-TX and 100Base-FX IEEE 802.3x for Flow control IEEE 802.1D for STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1w for RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1AB for LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol)
MAC Table	2048 MAC addresses
Priority Queues	4
Processing	Store-and-Forward
Switch Properties	Switching bandwidth: 1.2Gbps VLAN: Port Based
Security Features	Enable/disable ports VLAN to segregate and secure network traffic
Software Features	STP/RSTP (IEEE 802.1D/w) Redundant Ring (O-Ring) with recovery time less than 10ms over 250 units DHCP Client Port base VLAN LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) Port configuration, status, statistics, monitoring, security SNMP v1/v2c/v3 and private MIB support
Network RedundanZcy	O-Ring Open-Ring O-Chain Fast recovery STP RSTP
DIP-Switch Setting	
P.F.	When power fault enable relay warning system (On: Enable, Off: Disable function)
R.E.	Enable/Disable O-Ring function (On : Enable, Off : Disable)
R.M.	Enable/Disable Ring Master Mode (On : Enable, Off : Disable)
R.S.	O-Ring redundant port select (On: ring port set to port-5 and port-6, Off: ring port set to port-1 and port-2)
LED Indicators	
Power Indicator	Green LED x 2
10/100Base-T(X) RJ45 Port Indicator	Green for port Link/Act. Amber for Link
100Base-FX SFP Port Indicator	Green for port Link/Act
R.M. Indicator	Green: Indicate system operated in O-Ring Master mode
O-Ring Indicator	Green: Indicate port operated in O-Ring mode
Fault Indicator	Amber : Indicate unexpected event occurred
Fault Contact	
Relay	Relay output to carry capacity of 1A at 24VDC
Power	
Input Power	12~ 48 VDC power inputs on 6-pin terminal block
Power Consumption (Typ.)	7 Watts max
Overload Current Protection	Present



Reverse Polarity Protection	Present
Physical Characteristic	
Enclosure	IP-30
Dimension (W x D x H)	26.1 mm (W) x 95 mm(D) x 144.3(H) mm
Weight (g)	395 g
Environmental	
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)
Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C (-40 to 158°F)
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing
Regulatory approvals	
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Safety	EN60950-1
Warranty	5 years