



IES-3162GC

Industrial Managed Ethernet Switch

User's Manual

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www.oring-networking.com

ORing Industrial Networking Corp

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Getting to Know Your Switch

1.1 About the IES-3162GC Managed Industrial Switch

The IES-3162GCseries are powerful managed industrial switches with many features. These switches can work under wide temperature, dusty environment and humid condition.

The IES-3162GC can be managed by WEB, TELNET, Consol or other third-party SNMP software as well. Besides, these switches can be managed by a useful utility that we called Super-view. Open-Vision is powerful network management software. With its friendly and powerful interface, you can easily configure multiple switches at the same time, and monitor switches' status.

1.2 Software Features

- World's fastest Redundant Ethernet Ring : O-Ring (Recovery time < 10ms over 250 units connection)
- Supports Ring Coupling, Dual Homing over O-Ring
- Supports SNMPv1/v2/v3 & RMON & Port base/802.1Q VLAN Network Management
- Event notification by Email, SNMP trap and Relay Output
- Web-based ,Telnet, Console, CLI configuration
- Enable/disable ports, MAC based port security
- Port based network access control (802.1x)
- VLAN (802.1Q) to segregate and secure network traffic
- Radius centralized password management
- SNMPv3 encrypted authentication and access security
- RSTP (802.1w)
- Quality of Service (802.1p) for real-time traffic
- VLAN (802.1Q) with double tagging and GVRP supported
- IGMP Snooping for multicast filtering
- Port configuration, status, statistics, mirroring, security
- Remote Monitoring (RMON)

1.3 Hardware Features

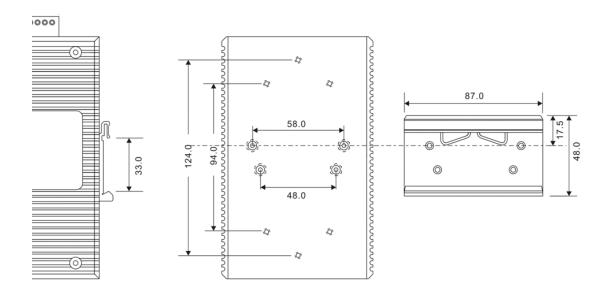
- Redundant two DC power inputs
- Wide Operating Temperature: -40 to 70°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- Casing: IP-30
- 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet port
- 10/100/1000Base-T(X) Gigabit Ethernet port (combo)
- 1000Base-X on SFP port (combo)
- Console Port
- Dimensions(W x D x H) : 96.4(W)x108.5(D)x154(H) mm

Hardware Installation

2.1 Installing Switch on DIN-Rail

Each switch has a DIN-Rail kit on rear panel. The DIN-Rail kit helps switch to fix on the DIN-Rail. It is easy to install the switch on the DIN-Rail:

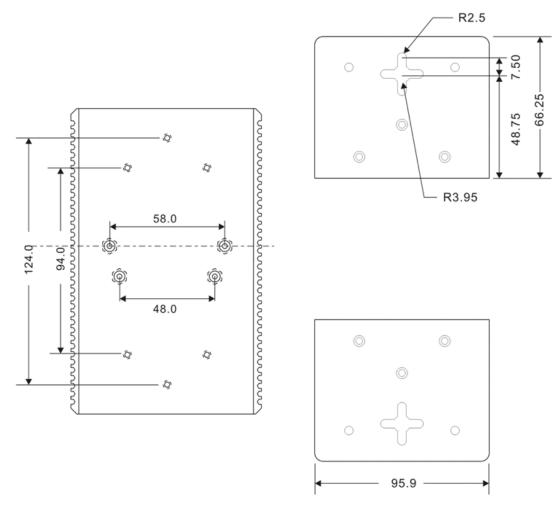
2.1.1 Mount IES-3162GCSERIES on DIN-Rail

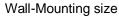


DIN-Rail Size

2.2 Wall Mounting Installation

Each switch has another installation method for users to fix the switch. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the switch on the wall:





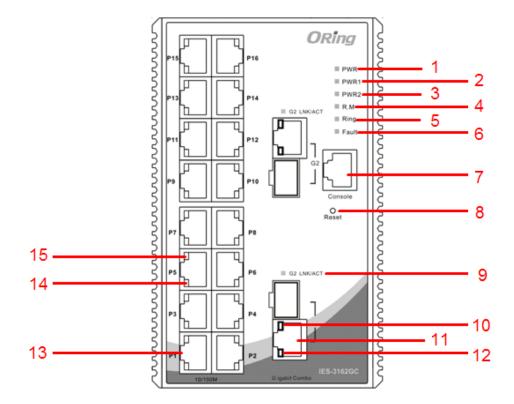
Hardware Overview

3.1 Front Panel

The following table describes the labels that stick on the IES-3162GC

Port	Description	
10/100 RJ-45 fast	16 10/100Base-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports support	
Ethernet ports	auto-negotiation.	
	Default Setting :	
	Speed: auto	
	Duplex: auto	
	Flow control : disable	
Gigabit Combo Ports	2 10/100/1000Base-T(X) RJ-45 + 100/1000Base-X SFP Ports	
Console	Use RS-232 to RJ-45 connecter to manage switch.	
Reset	Push reset button 2 to 3 seconds to reset the switch.	
	Push reset button 5 seconds to reset the switch into Factory	
	Default.	

IES-3162GC



- 1. LED for PWR. When the PWR links, the green led will be light on.
- LED for R.M (Ring master). When the LED light on, it means that the switch is the ring master of O-Ring.
- LED for PWR1&PWR2 When the PWR1 links, the green led will be light on. When the PWR2 links, the green led will be light on.
- 4. LED for R.M (Ring master). When the LED light on, it means that the switch is the ring master of Ring. , LED for Ring.
- 5. When the led light on, it means the Ring is activated.
- 6. LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the amber LED will be light on.
- 7. Console port (RJ-45).
- 8. Reset button. Push the button 3 seconds for reset; 5 seconds for factory default..
- 9. 1000 Combo ports LED with SFP
- 10. 1000 Combo Port ACT/Link LED
- 11. 1000 Combo Port
- 12. 1000 Combo Port Duplex LED.
- 13. 10/100 COPPER Port.
- 14. 10/100 Port Duplex LED.
- 15. 10/100 Port ACT/Link LED

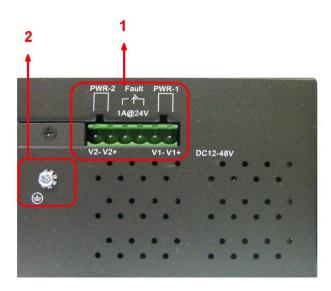
3.2 Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description	
PWR	Green	On	DC power ready	
PW1	Green	On	DC power module 1 activated.	
PW2	Green	On	DC power module 2 activated.	
R.M	Green	On	O-Ring Master.	
Fault	Ambor	On	Fault relay. Power failure or	
Fault	Amber	On	Port down/fail.	
10/100Base-T(X) Fast Ethernet ports				
LNK / ACT	Green	On	Port link up.	
		Blinking	Data transmitted.	
Full Duplex	Amber	On	Port works under full duplex.	
Gigabit Ether	net ports			
АСТ	Green	On	Port link up.	
ACT		Blinking	Data transmitted.	
LNK	Amber	On	Port link up.	
SFP ports				
LNK / ACT	Green	On	Port link up.	
LNR / ACT		Blinking	Data transmitted.	

3.3 Top view Panel

The bottom panel components of IGS-3044GP(GC) Series are showed as below:

- 1. Terminal block includes: PWR1, PWR2 (48V DC)
- 2. Ground wire



Connector

RJ-45

RJ-45

RJ-45

Cables

100BASE-TX

1000BASE-TX

4.1 Ethernet Cables

The IES-3162GC switches have standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switches use CAT 3, 4, 5,5e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

	-	
Cable	Туре	Max. Length
10BASE-T	Cat.3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)

Cat.5 100-ohm UTP

Cable Types and Specifications

4.1.1 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T Pin Assignments	

Cat.5/Cat.5e 100-ohm UTP

With 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T cable, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

UTP 100 m (328 ft)

UTP 100 m (328ft)

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	RD-
7	Not used
8	Not used

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

The IES-3162GC switches support auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC to switch. The following table below shows the 10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

1000 Base-T MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	BI_DA+	BI_DB+
2	BI_DA-	BI_DB-
3	BI_DB+	BI_DA+
4	BI_DC+	BI_DD+
5	BI_DC-	BI_DD-
6	BI_DB-	BI_DA-
7	BI_DD+	BI_DC+
8	BI_DD-	BI_DC-

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

4.2 SFP

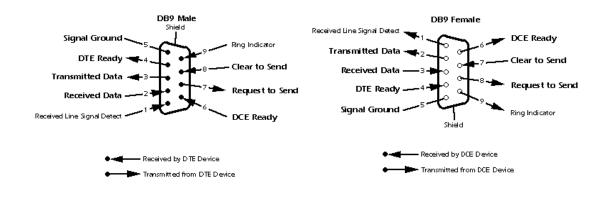
The IES-3162GC has fiber optical ports with SFP connectors. The fiber optical ports are in multi-mode (0 to 550M, 850 nm with 50/125 μ m, 62.5/125 μ m fiber) and single-mode with LC connector. Please remember that the TX port of Switch A should be connected to the RX port of Switch B.

Switch A Switch B

4.3 Console Cable

IES-3162GC switches can be management by console port. The DB-9 to RJ-45 cable can be found in the package. You can connect them to PC via a RS-232 cable with DB-9 female connector and the other end (RJ-45 connector) connects to console port of switch.

PC pin out (male) assignment	RS-232 with DB9 female connector	DB9 to RJ 45
Pin #2 RD	Pin #2 TD	Pin #2
Pin #3 TD	Pin #3 RD	Pin #3
Pin #5 GD	Pin #5 GD	Pin #5



WEB Management

Warning!!!. While making any establishment and upgrading firmware, please remove physical loop connection first. DO NOT power off equipment during firmware is upgrading!

5.1 Configuration by Web Browser

This section introduces the configuration by Web browser.

5.1.1 About Web-based Management

An embedded HTML web site resides in flash memory on the CPU board. It contains advanced management features and allows you to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management function supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later. It is based on Java Applets with an aim to reduce network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

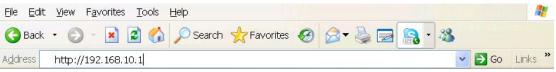
Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

The default value is as below: IP Address: **192.168.10.1** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0** Default Gateway: **192.168.10.254** User Name: **admin** Password: **admin**

System Login

- 1. Launch the Internet Explorer.
- 2. Type http:// and the IP address of the switch. Press "Enter".



- 3. The login screen appears.
- 4. Key in the username and password. The default username and password is "admin".
- 5. Click "Enter" or "OK" button, then the main interface of the Web-based management appears.

Connect to 192.1	68.10.1		? ×
7			
index.htm			
User name:	🖸 admin		•
Password:	•••••		
	🗖 Remember	r my passwor	d
		ок	Cancel

Login screen

Industrial Managed Ethernet Switch ORing www.oring-networking.com Open all B System Information Front Panel System Information ORina 🗉 直 Basic Setting System Name IES-3162GC Redundancy Multicast Port Setting Industrial 18-port managed Ethernet switch with 16x10/100Base-T(X) and 2xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket System Description 🗉 🚞 VLAN System Location VLAN Traffic Prioritization DHCP Server/Relay Security Warning Wonitor and Diag Pose Configuration System Contact SNMP OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.25972.100.0.0.25 **Firmware Version** v1.00 **Kernel Version** v3.06 MAC Address 00-1E-94-3B-00-43 System Uptime 0 Day(s) 0 Hour(s) 32 Min(s) 39 Sec(s) Save Configuration Factory Default System Reboot Enable Location Alert Help 臣 🚊 Logout

Main Interface

Main interface

5.1.2 System Information

S

System Name	IES-3162GC
System Description	Industrial 18-port managed Ethernet switch with 16x10/100Base-T(X) and 2xGigabit combo ports, SFP socket
System Location	
System Contact	
SNMP OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.25972.100.0.0.25
Firmware Version	v1.00
Kernel Version	v3.06
MAC Address	00-1E-94-3B-00-43
System Uptime	0 Day(s) 0 Hour(s) 33 Min(s) 9 Sec(s)

System Information interface

System Information

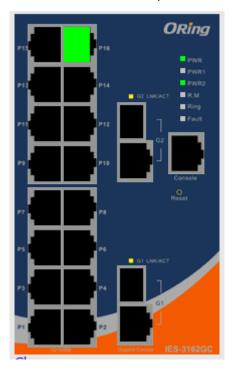
The system information will display the configuration of Basic Setting / Switch Setting page.

Enable Location Alert

When click	Enable Location	Alert	, PWR1, PWR2 an	d PW	R3 LEDs of the switch will
start to flash	together, and click	Disa	ble Location Alert	🧾 , tł	ne LEDs will stop flashing.

5.1.3 Front Panel

Show the panel of IES-3162GC. Click "Close" to close panel on web.



5.1.4 Basic setting

5.1.4.1 Switch Setting

System Setting

System Name	ES-3162GC
System Description	Industrial 18-port managed Ethernet switch with 16x10/100Base-T(X) and 2xGigabit combo port
System Location	
System Contact	

Apply Help

Switch setting interface

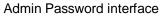
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
System Name	Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes
System Description	Display the description of switch.
System Location	Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64
	bytes
System Contact	Enter the name of contact person or organization

5.1.4.2 Admin Password

Change web management login username and password for the management security issue

\dn	nin Password	
	User Name	admin
	New Password	
	Confirm Password	
	Apply Help	



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
User name	Key in the new username (The default is "admin")
New Password	Key in the new password (The default is "admin")
Confirm password	Re-type the new password.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.4.3 IP Setting

You can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function through IP configuration.

P S	etting	
	DHCP Client	: Disable 💌
	IP Address	192.168.10.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway	192.168.10.254
	DNS1	0.0.0.0
	DNS2	0.0.0.0
·	Apply Help	

IP Configuration interface

Label	Description
DHCP Client	To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP
	client function is enabling, the switch will be assigned the IP
	address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address
	will be replaced by the IP address which the DHCP server has
	assigned. After clicking "Apply" button, a popup dialog shows
	up to inform when the DHCP client is enabling. The current IP
	will lose and you should find a new IP on the DHCP server.
IP Address	Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client
	function is enabling, you do not need to assign the IP address.

Арріу	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
DNS2	Assign the secondary DNS IP address
DNS1	Assign the primary DNS IP address
	is 192.168.10.254
Gateway	Assign the network gateway for the switch. The default gateway
	function is enabling, you do not need to assign the subnet mask
Subnet Mask	Assign the subnet mask of the IP address. If DHCP client
	192.168.10.1
	switch and it will be display in this column. The default IP is
	The network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the

5.1.4.4 Time Setting

This page includes configurations of SNTP and system clock.

System Clock

Time Setting	
System Clock	
System Clock	Thu Jan 01 1970 00:39:12 GMT+0800 (台北標準時間)
System Date (YYYY/MM/DD)	2012 Jun 💌 22 💌
System Time (hh:mm:ss)	15 : 43 : 42
Apply Set Clock From PC	Help

Label	Description
System clock	This field shows the current system timer. The time stamp could
	be assigned by manual configuration or by SNTP server.
System Date	Specify the year, month and day of system clock(YYYY/MM/DD).
	Year:2006-2015. Month: Jan-Dec. Day:1-31(28)
System Time	Specify the hour, minute and second of system clock(hh:mm:ss).
	Hour:0-24, Minute:0-59, Second:0-59

SNTP

The SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings allow you to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.

UTC Timezone	GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 🛛 👻
SNTP Server	.0.0.0
aylight Saving T	ime : Disable 💌
aylight Saving T	
	2012 Jun 💙 22 💙 07 💙 ~
aylight Saving T Daylight Saving Per	2012 Jun 💙 22 💙 07 💙 ~

SNTP Configuration interface

Label	Description	
SNTP Client	Enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP	
	server.	
Daylight Saving Time	Enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight	
	saving time is enabling, you need to configure the daylight saving	
	time period.	
UTC Time zone	Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the	
	different location time zone for your reference.	

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am
AST - Atlantic Standard EDT - Eastern Daylight	-4 hours	8 am

EST - Eastern Standard	-5 hours	7 am
CDT - Central Daylight		
CST - Central Standard	-6 hours	6 am
MDT - Mountain Daylight		
MST - Mountain Standard	-7 hours	5 am
PDT - Pacific Daylight		
PST - Pacific Standard	-8 hours	4 am
ADT - Alaskan Daylight		
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European		
FWT - French Winter		
MET - Middle European	+1 hour	1 nm
MEWT - Middle European	+T NOUL	1 pm
Winter		
SWT - Swedish Winter		
EET - Eastern European,	+2 hours	2 pm
USSR Zone 1		2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone	+3 hours	3 pm
2	10 Hours	5 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian	17 hauna	7
Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR		^Q nm
Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard,	0 h a	0.777
USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian	+10 hours	10 pm

Standard GST		
Guam Standard, USSR		
Zone 9		
IDLE - International Date		
Line		
NZST - New Zealand	+12 hours	Midnight
Standard		
NZT - New Zealand		

Label	Description	
SNTP Sever IP	Set the SNTD conver ID address	
Address	Set the SNTP server IP address.	
Daylight Saving	Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving	
Period	ending time. Both will be different each year.	
Daylight Saving	Set up the offset time.	
Offset		
Switch Timer	Display the switch current time.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	

PTP Client

The Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is a time-transfer protocol defined in the IEEE 1588-2002 standard that allows precise synchronization of networks (e.g., Ethernet). Accuracy within the nanosecond range can be achieved with this protocol when using hardware generated timestamps.



Label	Description
PTP Client	Enable / Disable PTP Client

5.1.4.5 LLDP

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) function allows the switch to advertise its information to other nodes on the network and store the information it discovers.

100 C		
al: 30	sec	
		TD Address
stem Name	MAC Address	IP Address
	nfo Table	nfo Table

LLDP configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
LLDP Protocol	"Enable" or "Disable" LLDP function.
LLDP Interval	The interval of resend LLDP (by default at 30 seconds)
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.
Neighbor info table	Can show neighbor device info .

5.1.4.6 Modbus TCP

Support Modbus TCP .(About Modbus please reference http://www.modbus.org/)

Modbus TCP		
Mode : Enable 💌		
Apply Help		

Label	Description
Mode	Enable or Disalble Modbus TCP function

5.1.4.7 Auto Provision

Auto Provision allows you to update the switch firmware automatically. You can put firmware or configuration file on TFTP server. When you reboot the switch, it will upgrade automatically. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image and configuration file is on the TFTP server.

Auto Provision

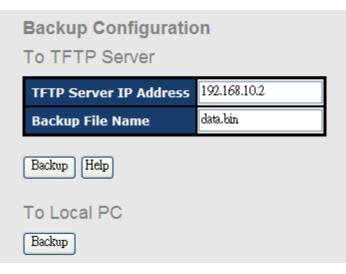
Auto install configuration file from TFTP server?		
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66	
Configuration File Name	data.bin	
Auto install firmware image file from TFTP server?		
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66	
Firmware File Name	image.bin	
Apply Help		



5.1.4.8 Backup & Restore

You can save current EEPROM value from the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.

Restore Configuration		
From TFTP Server		
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.2	
Restore File Name	data.bin	
Restore Help		
From Local PC		
Вточе		
Restore		



Backup & Restore interface

Label	Description
TFTP Server IP Address	Fill in the TFTP server IP
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Click " restore " to restore the configurations.
Form Local PC	User can select file restore , not need TFTP server .
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Click " restore " to restore the configurations.
Backup	Click " backup " to backup the configurations.
To Local PC	User can download config file to switch . not need TFTP server

5.1.4.9 Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade Firmware allows you to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

Upgrade Firmware From TFTP Server				
TFTP Server IP	192.168.10.2			
Firmware File Name	image.bin			
Upgrade Help				
From Local PC				
	瀏覽			
Upgrade				

Update Firmware interface

5.1.1 Redundancy

5.1.1.1 MRP

MRP (Media Redundancy Protocol) Ring (IEC 62439) of up to 50 devices typically transforms back to a line structure within 80 ms (adjustable to max. 200 ms/500 ms).

✓ Enable	
📕 Manager 📕 React o	on Link Change
1st Ring Port G1	 Linkdown
2nd Ring Port G2	Y Forwarding
Force Speed/Duple	ex for 100BASE-TX

Label	Description		
Enable	Enabling the MRP function		
Manager	MRP Master , every one MRP topology , need setting one		
	device to Manager.(one MRP topology only can setting one		
	device to Manager, if user setting two or more switch to		
	Manager, this MRP topology will fail.)		
React on Link Change	Faster mode, if user enable this function , MRP Topology will		
(Advanced mode)	more faster convergence, this function only can setting in MRP		
	Manager Switch.		
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the MRP ring		
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the MRP ring		
Force Speed / Duplex	Port Speed/Duplex default is autonegotiation mode. Enable		
for 100BASE-TX	this function, MRP Ring port Speed/Duplex. Will automatically		
	change to "Full" mode. (this function used in combination		
	Hirschmann Switch MRP, because Hirschmann Switch MRP		
	Ring port speed/duplex always is "Full" mode)		

5.1.1.2 O-Ring

O-Ring is the most powerful Ring in the world. The recovery time of O-Ring is less than 10 mS. It can reduce unexpected damage caused by network topology change. O-Ring supports three Ring topologies: O-Ring, Coupling Ring and Dual Homing.

	🗹 Enable Ring			
	Enable Ring M	laster		
	1st Ring Port	Port.01 🔽	LINKDOWN	
Γ	2nd Ring Port	Port.02 🔽	LINKDOWN	
	Enable Couple Ring			
	Couple Port	Port.03 🔽	LINKDOWN	
	Enable Dual Hom	ing		
Г	Homing Port	Port.05 🔽	LINKDOWN	

O-Ring interface

Label	Description
Enable Ring	Mark to enable Ring.

Enable Ring Master	There should be one and only one Ring Master in a ring.			
	However if there are two or more switches which set Ring			
	Master to enable, the switch with the lowest MAC address will			
	be the actual Ring Master and others will be Backup Masters.			
1 st Ring Port	The primary port, when this switch is Ring Master.			
2 nd Ring Port	The backup port, when this switch is Ring Master.			
Enable Coupling Ring	Mark to enable Coupling Ring. Coupling Ring can be used to			
	divide a big ring into two smaller rings to avoid effecting all			
	switches when network topology change. It is a good			
	application for connecting two Rings.			
Coupling Port	Link to Coupling Port of the switch in another ring. Coupling			
	Ring need four switch to build an active and a backup link.			
	Set a port as coupling port. The coupled four ports of four			
	switches will be run at active/backup mode.			
Control Port	Link to Control Port of the switch in the same ring. Control			
	Port used to transmit control signals.			
Enable Dual Homing	Mark to enable Dual Homing. By selecting Dual Homing			
	mode, O-Ring will be connected to normal switches through			
	two RSTP links (ex: backbone Switch). The two links work as			
	active/backup mode, and connect each O-Ring to the normal			
	switches in RSTP mode.			
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.			

Note: We don't suggest you to set one switch as a Ring Master and a Coupling Ring at the same time due to heavy load.

5.1.1.3 OPEN-Ring

Open-Ring technology can be applied for other vendor's proprietary ring. Thus, you can add switches of ORing into the network constructed by other ring technology and enable Open-Ring to co-operate with other vendor's managed switch.

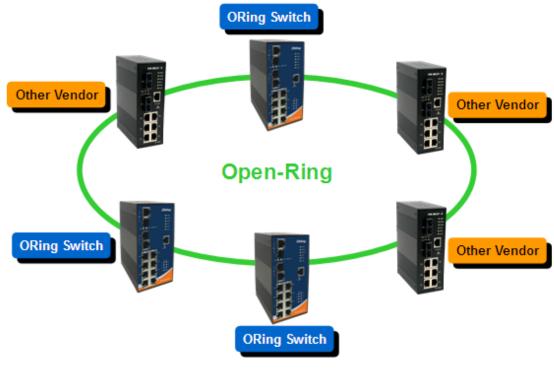
Open-Ring				
	☑ Enable			
	Vender	Мохх 🔽		
	1st Ring Port	Port.01 🔽		
	2nd RingPort	Port.02 🔽		

Apply

Open-Ring interface

Label	Description	
Enable	Enabling the Open-Ring function	
Vender	Choosing the venders that you want to join to their ring	
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	

The application of Open-Ring is shown as below.



Open-Ring connection

5.1.1.4 O-Chain

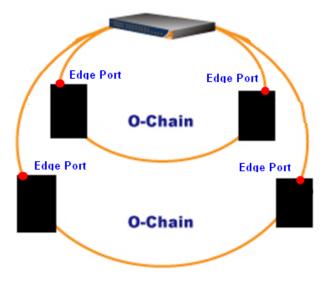
O

O-Chain is the revolutionary network redundancy technology that provides the add-on network redundancy topology for any backbone network, providing ease-of-use while maximizing fault-recovery swiftness, flexibility, compatibility, and cost-effectiveness in one set of network redundancy topologies O-Chain allows multiple redundant network rings of different redundancy protocols to join and function together as a larger and more robust compound network topology, i.e. the creation of multiple redundant networks beyond the limitations of current redundant ring technology.

Chain					
E	Enable				
	Uplink Port	Edge Port	State		
1st	Port.01 🔽		Linkdown		
2nd	Port.02 🔽		Forwarding		

Apply

Label	Description	
Enable	Enabling the O-Chain function	
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the ring	
Edge Port In the O-Chain application, the head and tail of two Switch		
	must start the Edge,MAC smaller Switch, Edge port will be the	
	backup and RM LED Light.	



5.1.1.5 RSTP – Repeater

RSTP-Repeater is a simple function , this function can direct pass RSTP BPDU packet , like two RSTP devices connected..

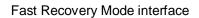
RSTP-Repeater				
	Er	able		
		Uplink Port	RSTP Edge Port	
	1st	Port.01 💌		
	2nd	Port.02 💌		
	Apply	Help		

Label	Description	
Enable	Check this box to enable RSTP-Repeater.	
1 st Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the RSTP	
2 nd Ring Port	Choosing the port which connect to the RSTP	
Edge Port	Only the edge device (connected to RSTP device) needs to	
	specify edge port. The user must specify the edge port according	
	to topology of network.	

5.1.1.6 Fast Recovery

The Fast Recovery Mode can be set to connect multiple ports to one or more switches. The TES-250-M12 with its fast recovery mode will provide redundant links. Fast Recovery mode supports 5 priorities, only the first priority will be the act port, the other ports configured with other priority will be the backup ports.

Fast Recovery Mode				
	Active			
	Port.01	Not included 🔽		
	Port.02	Not included 🔽		
	Port.03	Not included 🔽		
	Port.04	Not included 🔽		
	Port.05	Not included 🔽		



Label	Description		
Active	Activate the fast recovery mode.		
port	Port can be configured as 5 priorities. Only the port with highest		
	priority will be the active port. 1st Priority is the highest.		
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.		

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

5.1.1.7 RSTP

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol. It provides faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP setting

You can enable/disable RSTP function, and set parameters for each port.

RSTP - Bridge Setting

RSTP Mode	Enable 🔽
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Priority must be a multiple of 4096. 2*(Forward Delay Time-1) should be greater than or equal to the Max Age. The Max Age should be greater than or equal to 2*(Hello Time + 1).

Apply Help

RSTP Setting interface

Label	Description		
RSTP mode	You must enable or disable RSTP function before configuring		
	the related parameters.		
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the		
	lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the		
	root. If the value changes, You must reboot the switch. The		
	value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol		

	standard rule.				
Max Age Time(6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving				
	Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before				
	attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6				
	through 40.				
Hello Time (1-10)	The time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to				
	check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through				
	10.				
Forwarding Delay Time	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its				
(4-30)	Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to				
	the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.				
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.				

NOTE: Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.

2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) > = Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

Show RSTP algorithm result at this table

Root Bridge Information

Bridge ID	8000001E94011E7A
Root Priority	32768
Root Port	ROOT
Root Path Cost	0
Max Age	20
Hello Time	2
Forward Delay	15

RSTP - Port Setting

Port	Path Cost (1-200000000)	Priority (0-240)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non Stp
Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	200000	128	auto 🔽	true 🗸	false 🗸
priority must be a multiple of 16					
Apply H	Ielp				

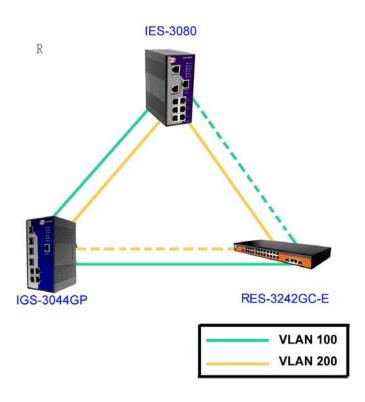
Port Status

Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	Oper P2P	Oper Edge	Stp Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.02	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.04	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

Label	Description
Path Cost (1-20000000)	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting
	bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through
	20000000.
Port Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN.
	Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be
	the multiple of 16
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within
	RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can
	only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served
	by a point-to-point LAN segment), or it can be connected to
	two or more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN
	segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to
	be manipulated administratively. True means P2P enabling.
	False means P2P disabling.
Admin Edge	The port directly connected to end stations, and it cannot
-	create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as
	an edge port, set the port to " True ".
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is
	not including STP mathematic calculation. False is including
	the STP mathematic calculation.
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.

5.1.1.8 MSTP

Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) is a standard protocol base on IEEE 802.1s. The function is that several VLANs can be mapping to a reduced number of spanning tree instances because most networks do not need more than a few logical topologies. It supports load balancing scheme and the CPU is sparer than PVST (Cisco proprietary technology).



MSTP - Bridge Setting

MSTP Enable	Enable 🖌
Force Version	MSTP 🐱
Configuration Name	MSTP_SWITCH
Revision Level (0-65535)	0
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age Time (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15
Max Hops (1-40)	20

Priority must be a multiple of 4096. 2*(Forward Delay Time-1) should be greater than or equal to the Max Age. The Max Age should be greater than or equal to 2*(Hello Time + 1).

Apply

MSTP Setting interface

Label	Description
MSTP Enable	You must enable or disable MSTP function before configuring the
	related parameters.
Force Version	The Force Version parameter can be used to force a VLAN Bridge
	that supports RSTP to operate in an STP-compatible manner.
Configuration Name	The same MST Region must have the same MST configuration
	name.
Revision Level	The same MST Region must have the same revision level.
(0-65535)	
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the
	lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root.
	If the value changes, You must reboot the switch. The value
	must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Max Age Time(6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving
	Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting
	a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40.
Hello Time (1-10)	The setting follow the rule below to configure the MAX Age, Hello

	Time, and Forward Delay Time at controlled switch sends out the
	BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value
	between 1 through 10.
	2 x (Forward Delay Time value −1) ≥ Max Age value ≥ 2 x (Hello Time value
	+1)
Forwarding Delay	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its
Time (4-30)	Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the
	forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.
Max Hops (1-40)	This parameter is additional to those specified for RSTP. A single
	value applies to all Spanning Trees within an MST Region (the
	CIST and all MSTIs) for which the Bridge is the Regional Root.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

MSTP - Bridge Port

Port No.	Priority (0-240)	Path Cost (1-200000000, 0:Auto)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non Stp
Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	128	0	auto 🗸	true 💙	false 🗸
priority must	be a multiple	e of 16			

Apply

MSTP Port interface

Label	Description
Port No.	Selecting the port that you want to configure.
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a
	number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple
	of 16
Path Cost	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting
(1-20000000)	bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through
	20000000.
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within
	RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only

	be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a
	point-to-point LAN segment), or it can be connected to two or
	more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment).
	This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated
	administratively. True means P2P enabling. False means P2P
	disabling.
Admin Edge	Label
Admin Non STP	Label
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

MSTP - Instance Setting

Instance	State		Priority (0-61440)
1 🗸	Enable 🖌	1-4094	32768

Priority must be a multiple of 4096.

Apply

MSTP Instance interface

Label	Description
Instance	Set the instance from 1 to 15
State	Enable or disable the instance
VLANs	Set which VLAN will belong which instance
Proprietary (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the
	lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root.
	If the value changes, You must reboot the switch. The value
	must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Арріу	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

MSTP - Instance Port Instance: CIST C Port Priority (0-240) Path Cost (1-200000000, 0:Auto) Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.04 Port.05 128 D Priority must be a multiple of 16

Apply

MSTP Instance Port interface

Label	Description
Instance	Set the instance's information except CIST
Port	Selecting the port that you want to configure.
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a
	number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple
	of 16
Path Cost	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting
(1-20000000)	bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through
	20000000.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.

5.1.2 Multicast

5.1.2.1 IGMP Snooping

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is used by IP hosts to register their dynamic multicast group membership. IGMP has 3 versions, IGMP v1, v2 and v3. Please refer to RFC 1112, 2236 and 3376. IGMP Snooping improves the performance of networks that carry multicast traffic. It provides the ability to prune multicast traffic so that it travels only to those end destinations that require that traffic and reduces the amount of traffic on the Ethernet LAN.

Snooping		
GMP Snooping : Ena	ble V2 💌	
GMP Query Mode:	Disable 💌	
Apply Help		
OMD Openning Table		
GMP Snooping Table		
IP Address	VLAN ID	Member Port
230.0.0.20	1	Port.07

IGMP Snooping interface

Label	Description			
IGMP Snooping Table	Show current IP multicast list			
IGMP Protocol	Enable/Disable IGMP snooping.			
IGMP Query	Switch will be IGMP querier or not. There should exist or			
	and only one IGMP querier in an IGMP application. The			
	"Auto" mode means that the querier is the one with lower IP			
	address.			
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.			
Help	Show help file.			

5.1.2.2 MVR

MVR Function can provide a different VLAN users to receive MVR Mode VLAN Multicast Packet.

NVR Mode:	MVR Mode: Disable 🗸					
Port	Port Type Immediate Leave					
Port.01	Inactive 🔽					
Port.02	Inactive 🔽					
Port.03	Inactive 🔽					
Port.04	Inactive 🔽					
Port.05	Inactive 🔽					
Port.06	Inactive 🔽					
Port.07	Inactive 🔽					

Label	Description
MVR Mode	Enable or Disable MVR Mode
MVR VLAN	Setting MVR VLAN
ТҮРЕ	Setting Port Type to inactive Receiver Source
Immediate Leave	Enable or disable Immediate leave

5.1.2.3 Static Multicast Filtering

Static Multicast filtering is the system by which end stations only receive multicast traffic if they register to join specific multicast groups. With multicast filtering, network devices only forward multicast traffic to the ports that are connected to registered end stations.

Static Mul	tatic Multicast Filtering					
	Multicast IP Address : Member Ports :					
	□ Port.01 □ Port.02 □ Port.03 □ Port.04 □ Port.05 □ Port.06 □ Port.07 □ G1 □ G2 □ G3					
Add Hel	Add Help					
	IP Address	Member Ports				
	230.0.0.6	Port.04, Port.05				
Delete	Ielp					

Multicast Filtering Interface

Label	Description	
IP Address	Assign a multicast group IP address in the range of 224.0.0.0	
	~ 239.255.255.255	
Member Ports	Tick the check box beside the port number to include them as	
	the member ports in the specific multicast group IP address.	
Add	Show current IP multicast list	
Delete	Delete an entry from table	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.3 Port Setting

5.1.3.1 Port Control

By this function, you can set the state, speed/duplex, flow control, and security of the port.

Port Control

Port No.	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control	Security	
Port.01	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🗸	
Port.02	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🗸	Disable 🔽	
Port.03	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🔽	
Port.04	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🔽	
Port.05	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🔽	
Port.06	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🗸	
Port.07	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🔽	
G1	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🔽	
G2	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🔽	
G3	Enable 🔽	AutoNegotiation 🔽	Symmetric 🔽	Disable 🗸	

Port Control interface

Enable

v

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Auto Detect 100/1000 SFP

Label	Description	
Port NO.	Port number for setting.	
State	Enable/Disable the port.	
Speed/Duplex	You can set Auto-negotiation, 100-full, 100-half, 10-full, 10-half	
	mode.	
Flow Control	Support symmetric and asymmetric mode to avoid packet loss	
	when congestion occurred.	
Security	Enabled port security will disable MAC address learning in this	
	port. Thus only the frames with MAC addresses in port security	
	list will be forwarded, otherwise will be discarded.	
Auto Detect 100/1000	Auto Detect SFP port SFP Module speed (100M / 1000M)	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	

5.1.3.2 Port Status

The following information provides the current port status information

Port Status

Port No.	Туре	Link	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A

Port Status interface

5.1.3.3 Port Alias

The user can define the name of every Ports. Can let user, convenient management every Port.

Port Alias

Port No.	Port Alias
Port.01	
Port.02	
Port.03	
Port.04	
Port.05	

5.1.3.4 Rate Limit

By this function, you can limit traffic of all ports, including broadcast, multicast and flooded unicast. You can also set "Ingress" or "Egress" to limit traffic received or transmitted bandwidth.

Rate Limit

Port No.	Ingress Limit Frame Type		Ingress	Egress
Port.01	All	*	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.02	All	*	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.03	All	*	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.04	All	*	0 kbps	0 kbps
Port.05	All	*	0 kbps	0 kbps

Rate Limit interface

Label	Description	
Ingress Limit Frame	You can set "all", "Broadcast only", "Broadcast/Multicast"	
Type or "Broadcast/Multicast/Flooded Unicast" mode.		
Ingress The switch port received traffic.		
Egress The switch port transmitted traffic.		
Apply Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.		

5.1.3.5 Port Trunk

Port Trunk – Setting

You can select static trunk or 802.3ad LACP to combine several physical links with a logical link to increase the bandwidth.

Port Trunk - Setting					
	Port No.	Group ID	Туре		
	Port.01	None 🔻	Static 💌		
	Port.02	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	Port.03	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	Port.04	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	Port.05	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	Port.06	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	Port.07	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	G1	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	G2	None 🔽	Static 🔽		
	G3	None 🗸	Static 🔽		

802.3ad LACP Work Ports

Group ID	Work Ports	
Trunk1	max 🔽	
Trunk2	m8X 🔽	
Trunk3	max 🔽	
Trunk4	max 🔽	
Trunk5	max 🔽	

Port Trunk - Setting interface

Label	Description	
Group ID	Select port to join a trunk group.	
Туре	Support static trunk and 802.3ad LACP	
Work Port	Select the number of active ports in dynamic group (LACP).	
	The default value of works ports is maximum number of the	
	group. If the number is not maximum number of ports, the	
	other inactive ports in dynamic group will be suspended (no	
	traffic). Once the active port is broken, the suspended port will	
	be active automatically.	
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.	

Port Trunk – Status

Port Trunk - Status

Group ID	Trunk Member	Туре
Trunk 1	N/A	Static
Trunk 2	N/A	Static
Trunk 3	N/A	Static
Trunk 4	N/A	Static
Trunk 5	N/A	Static

Port Trunk - Status interface

Label	Description
Group Key	Trunk Group number
Port Member	Show Group port info

5.1.3.6 Loop Guard

This feature prevents the loop attack, When the port receives loop packet. This port will auto disable , prevent the "loop attack" affect other network devices

Loop Guard				
	Port No.	Active	Port State	
	Port.01		Enable	
	Port.02		Enable	
	Port.03		Enable	

Label	Description	
Active	Loop Guard Enable or Disable	
Port Status	Port work status.	

5.1.4 VLAN

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which allows you to isolate network traffic. Only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The switch supports port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. The default configuration of VLAN operation mode is at "**802.1Q**".

5.1.4.1 VLAN Setting - IEEE 802.1Q

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard, and t is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

You can create Tag-based VLAN, and enable or disable GVRP protocol. There are 256 VLAN groups to provide configure. Enable 802.1Q VLAN, the all ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN cannot be deleted.

GVRP allows automatic VLAN configuration between the switch and nodes. If the switch is connected to a device with GVRP enabled, you can send a GVRP request by using the VID of a VLAN defined on the switch; the switch will automatically add that device to the existing VLAN.

VLAN Setting

	5			
VLAN	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.10			
GVRP	Mode : Disa	able 🔽		
Manag	Management VLAN ID : 0 Apply			
Port VI	Port VLAN Setting			
Port No	Port No. Link Type PVID Untagged VIDs Tagged VIDs			
Port.0	L Access 🗸	1	1	
Port.0	2 Access 🔽	1	1	
Port.0	Access 🗸	1	1	

VLAN Configuration - 802.1Q interface

Label	Description	
VLAN Operation Mode	Configure VLAN Operation Mode: disable, Port Base,802.1Q	
GVRP Mode	Enable/Disable GVRP function.	
Management VLAN ID	Management VLAN can provide network administrator a	
	secure VLAN to management Switch. Only the devices in the	
	management VLAN can access the switch.	
Port	Select the port to configure.	
Link type	There are 3 types of link type:	
	Access Link: single switch only, allows you to group ports by	
	setting the same VID.	
	Trunk Link: extended application of Access Link, allows you	
	to group ports by setting the same VID with 2 or more	
	switches.	
	Hybrid Link: Both Access Link and Trunk Link are available.	
	Hybrid(QinQ) Link: enable QinQ mode , allow you to insert	
	one more VLAN tag in a original VLAN frame.	
Untagged VID	Set the port default VLAN ID for untagged devices that	
	connect to the port. The range is 1 to 4094.	
Tagged VIDs	Set the tagged VIDs to carry different VLAN frames to other	
	switch.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.	

5.1.4.2 VLAN Setting – Port Based

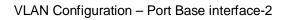
Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

/LAN Setting	
VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based 💌	
Port Based VLAN List	
Add Edit Delete Help	

VLAN Configuration – Port Base interface-1

Label	Description
Add	Click "add" to enter VLAN add interface.
Edit	Edit exist VLAN
Delete	Delete exist VLAN
Help	Show help file.

LAN	Settin	g
VL	AN Ope	eration Mode : Port Based 💌
C	Group Nar	ne:
	VLAN	ID: 1
	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.05 G1 G2 G3	Add Remove
A	ply Help	



Label	Description
Group Name	VLAN name.
VLAN ID	Specify the VLAN ID
Add	Select port to join the VLAN group.
Remove	Remove port of the VLAN group
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.5 Traffic Priorilization

Traffic Prioritization includes 3 modes: port base, 802.1p/COS, and TOS/DSCP. By traffic prioritization function, you can classify the traffic into four classes for differential network application. IGS-3044GP(GC) series support 4 priority queues.

5.1.5.1 Qos policy

Policy
QoS Mode : Disable 🖌
QoS Policy :
 Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme Use a strict priority scheme
Apply Help

Traffic Prioritization interface

Label	Description
QOS Mode	 Port-base: the output priority is determined by ingress port. COS only: the output priority is determined by COS only. TOS only: the output priority is determined by TOS only. COS first: the output priority is determined by COS and TOS, but COS first. TOS first: the output priority is determined by COS and TOS, but TOS first.
QOS policy	 Using the 8,4,2,1 weight fair queue scheme: the output queues will follow 8:4:2:1 ratio to transmit packets from the highest to lowest queue. For example: 8 high queue packets, 4 middle queue packets, 2 low queue packets, and the one lowest queue packets are transmitted in one turn. Use the strict priority scheme: always the packets in higher queue will be transmitted first until higher queue is empty.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

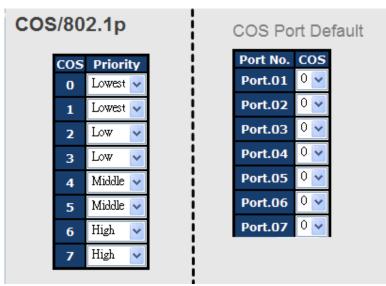
5.1.5.2 Port-base priority

Port-based Priority					
	Port No.	Priority			
	Port.01	Lowest 🔽			
	Port.02	Lowest 🔽			
	Port.03	Lowest 🔽			
	Port.04	Lowest 🐱			
	Port.05	Lowest 🔽			
	Port.06	Lowest 🔽			
	Port.07	Lowest 🔽			
	Port.08	Lowest 🔽			

Port-based Priority interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen

Port base Priority	Assign Port with a priority queue. 4 priority queues can be		
	assigned: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.		
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.		
Help	Show help file.		



5.1.5.3 COS/802.1p

COS/802.1p interface

COS/802.1p	COS (Class Of Service) is well known as 802.1p. It describes			
	that the output priority of a packet is determined by user			
	priority field in 802.1Q VLAN tag. The priority value is			
	supported 0to7.COS value map to 4 priority queues: High,			
	Middle, Low, and Lowest.			
COS Port Default	When an ingress packet has not VLAN tag, a default priority			
	value is considered and determined by ingress port.			
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.			
Help	Show help file.			

5.1.5.4 TOS/DSCP

TOS/DSCP

DSCP	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Priority	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 🐱				
DSCP	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Priority	Lowest 🔽	Lowest 🐱						
DSCP	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Priority	Low 🔽							
DSCP	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Priority	Low 🗸	Low 🗸	Low 🗸	Low 🗸	Low 🔽	Low 🗸	Low 🗸	Low 🔽
DSCP	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Priority	Middle 🔽							
DSCP	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Priority	Middle 🔽	Middle 🗸	Middle 🔽					
DSCP	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
Priority	High 🔽							
DSCP	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Priority	High 🔽							

Apply Help

TOS/DSCP interface

TOS/DSCP	TOS (Type of Service) is a field in IP header of a packet. This				
	TOS field is also used by Differentiated Services and is called				
	the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP). The output				
	priority of a packet can be determined by this field and the				
	priority value is supported 0to63. DSCP value map to 4				
	priority queues: High, Middle, Low, and Lowest.				
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.				
Help	Show help file.				

5.1.6 DHCP Server

5.1.6.1 DHCP Server – Setting

D

The system provides with DHCP server function. Enable the DHCP server function, the switch system will be a DHCP server.

HCP Server - Basic Setting DHCP Server : Disable V					
Low IP Address 192.168.10.2					
High IP Address	High IP Address 192.168.10.200				
Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0					
Gateway 192.168.10.254					
DNS	0.0.0.0				
Lease Time (sec) 604800					
Apply Help					

DHCP Server Configuration interface

Label	Description				
DHCP Server	Enable or Disable the DHCP Server function. Enable – the switch will				
	be the DHCP server on your local network				
Start IP Address	The dynamic IP assign range. Low IP address is the beginning of the				
	dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is				
	from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.100 will be the Start				
	IP address.				
End IP Address	The dynamic IP assign range. High IP address is the end of the				
	dynamic IP assigns range. For example: dynamic IP assign range is				
	from 192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200. 192.168.1.200 will be the End				
	IP address				
Subnet Mask	The dynamic IP assign range subnet mask				
Gateway	The gateway in your network.				
DNS	Domain Name Server IP Address in your network.				
Lease Time	It is the period that system will reset the assigned dynamic IP to ensure				
(Hour)	the IP address is in used.				
Арріу	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.				

5.1.6.2 DHCP Server – Client List

When the DHCP server function is activated, the system will collect the DHCP client information and display in here.

DHCP Server - Client List						
	IP addr			Status		
	192.168.10.2	00:1E:94:3A:04:B0	dynamic	DHCPOffer	604798	

DHCP Server Client Entries interface

5.1.6.3 DHCP Server – Port and IP bindings

You can assign the specific IP address which is in the assigned dynamic IP range to the specific port. When the device is connecting to the port and asks for dynamic IP assigning, the system will assign the IP address that has been assigned before in the connected device.

OHC	ICP Server - Port and IP Binding					
	Port	IP				
	Port.01	192.168.10.123				
	Port.02	0.0.0.0				
	Port.03	0.0.0.0				
	Port.04	0.0.0.0				
	Port.05	0.0.0.0				

DHCP Server Port and IP Binding interface

5.1.6.4 DHCP Server – DHCP Relay Agent

The DHCP relay agent relays DHCP messages between clients and servers for DHCP on different subnet domain. DHCP relay agent use Option 82 to insert specific information into a request that is being forwarded to a DHCP server, and according to Option 82 to remove the specific information from a reply packets when forwarding server DHCP packets to a DHCP client.

С

DHCP Relay Agent

Mode : Enable 🔽

DHCP Server IP Address

1st Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1
2nd Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1
3rd Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1
4th Server IP	0.0.0.0	VID	1

DHCP Option 82 Remote ID

Туре	P 🖌
Value	192.168.10.1
Display	C0A80A01

DHCP Option 82 Circuit-ID Table

Port No.	Circuit-ID	Option 82
Port.01	000400010001	
Port.02	000400010002	
Port.03	000400010003	
Port.04	000400010004	
Port.05	000400010005	
Port.06	000400010006	

Label	Description
DHCP Relay	Enable/Disable DHCP Relay Agent.
DHCP Server IP	Specify the IP address and VID of DHCP server. Keep "0.0.0.0" means
Address and VID	server is inactive.
DHCP Option 82	"Option 82 Remote ID" provides a identifier for the remote server.
Remote ID	There are 4 types supported: IP, MAC, Client-ID, and Other.
DHCP Option 82	"Option 82 Circuit-ID" encodes an agent-local identifier of the circuit
Circuit-ID Table	from which a DHCP client-to-server packet was received. It is intended
	for use by agents in relaying DHCP responses back to the proper
	circuit.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.

5.1.7 SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

5.1.7.1 SNMP – Agent Setting

You can set SNMP agent related information by Agent Setting Function.

MP - Agent Setting			
SNMP Agent Version SNMPV1	N2c 🗸		
Apply	Apply		
SNMP V1/V2c Community			
Community String	Privilege		
public	Read Only 🔽		
	private Read and Write V		
private	Read and Write 🗸		
private	Read and Write 🐱 Read Only 🐱		
private			

SNMP - Agent setting interface

Label	Description	
SNMP agent Version	Three SNMP versions are supported such as SNMP V1/SNMP	
	V2c, and SNMP V3. SNMP V1/SNMP V2c agent use a	
	community string match for authentication, that means SNMP	
	servers access objects with read-only or read/write permissions	
	with the community default string public/private. SNMP V3	
	requires an authentication level of MD5 or DES to encrypt data to	
	enhance data security.	
SNMP V1/V2c	SNMP Community should be set for SNMP V1/V2c. Four sets of	
Community	"Community String/Privilege" are supported. Each Community	
	String is maximum 32 characters. Keep empty to remove this	

	Community string.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.2 SNMP – Trap Setting

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

SNMP - Trap Setting

Server IP			
Community			
Trap Version	⊙ V1 ○V2c		
Add			
Add Trap Server P	rofile		
	rofile Community	Trap Version	
Trap Server P		Trap Version	
Frap Server P		Trap Version	
Frap Server P		Trap Version	

SNMP – Trap Setting interface

Label	Description	
Server IP	The server IP address to receive Trap	
Community	Community for authentication	
Trap Version	Trap Version supports V1 and V2c and V3	
Add	Add trap server profile.	
Remove	Remove trap server profile.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.7.3 SNMPV3

NMP - SNMPv3 Setting SNMPv3 Engine ID: f465000003001e940a002b **Context Table** Context Name : Apply **User Table** Current User Profiles : Remove New User Profile : Add (none) User ID: Authentication Password: Privacy Password: **Group Table** Current Group content : New Group Table: Add Remove (none) Security Name (User ID): Group Name:

Current A	access Tables : Remove	New Access Table :	Add
(none)		Context Prefix:	
		Group Name:	
		Security Level:	● NoAuthNoPriv. ● AuthNoPriv. ● AuthPriv.
		Context Match Rule	● Exact ● Prefix
		Read View Name:	
		Write View Name:	
		Notify View Name:	

MIBView Table

Current M	IIBTables : Remove	New MIBView Tabl	le : Add
(none)		View Name:	
		SubOid-Tree:	
		Туре:	• Excluded • Included

Note:

Any modification of SNMPv3 tables might cause MIB accessing rejection. Please take notice of the causality between the tables before you modify these tables.

Label	Description
Context Table	Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of
	context table. Click "Apply" to change context name
User Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 user table.
	2. User ID: set up the user name.
	3. Authentication Password: set up the
	authentication password.
	4. Privacy Password: set up the private password.
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Group Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 group table.
	2. Security Name (User ID): assign the user name
	that you have set up in user table.
	3. Group Name: set up the group name.
	4. Click "Add" to add context name.
	5. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Access Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 access table.
	2. Context Prefix: set up the context name.
	3. Group Name: set up the group.
	4. Security Level: select the access level.
	5. Context Match Rule: select the context match rule.
	6. Read View Name: set up the read view.
	7. Write View Name: set up the write view.
	8. Notify View Name: set up the notify view.
	9. Click "Add" to add context name.
	10. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
MIBview Table	1. Configure MIB view table.
	2. ViewName: set up the name.
	3. Sub-Oid Tree: fill the Sub OID.
	4. Type: select the type – exclude or included.
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.8 Security

Five useful functions can enhance security of switch: IP Security, Port Security, MAC Blacklist, and MAC address Aging and 802.1x protocol.

5.1.8.1 Management Security

Only IP in the Secure IP List can manage the switch through your defined management mode. (WEB, Telnet, SNMP)

Mode : Enable	*	
 ✓ Enable WEB ✓ Enable Telne ✓ Enable SNMF 	et Management	
Secure IP Lis	st	
Secure IP1 0.0.0.0		
Secure IP2	0.0.0.0	

IP Security interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
IP security MODE	Enable/Disable the IP security function.	
Enable WEB	Mark the blank to enable WEB Management.	
Management		
Enable Telnet	Mark the blank to enable Telnet Management.	
Management		
Enable SNMP	Mark the blank to enable MPSN Management.	
Management		
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.8.2 Static MAC Forwarding

Static MAC Forwarding is to add static MAC addresses to hardware forwarding database. If port security is enabled at **Port Control** page, only the frames with MAC addresses in this list will be forwarded, otherwise will be discarded.

MAC Address :
Port No : Port.01 🗸
Add Help
MAC Address Port No.
MAC Address Port No. 001122334455 Port.06

Port Security interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to a specific port.	
Port NO.	Select port of switch.	
Add	Add an entry of MAC and port information.	
Delete	Delete the entry.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.8.3 MAC Blacklist

MAC Blacklist can eliminate the traffic forwarding to specific MAC addresses in list. Any frames forwarding to MAC addresses in this list will be discarded. Thus the target device will never receive any frame.

MAC Address :
Add Help
MAC Address
MAC Address 001E94123456



Label	Description	
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to add to MAC Blacklist.	
Port NO.	Select port of switch.	
Add	Add an entry to Blacklist table.	
Delete	Delete the entry.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.8.4 802.1x

802.1x - Radius Server

802.1x makes the use of the physical access characteristics of IEEE802 LAN infrastructures in order to provide a authenticated and authorized devices attached to a LAN port. Please refer to IEEE 802.1X - Port Based Network Access Control.

802.1x - Radius Server

Radius Server Setting

802.1x Protocol	Enable 🔽	
Radius Server IP	192.168.16.3	
Server Port	1812	
Accounting Port	1813	
Shared Key	12345678	
NAS, Identifier	NAS_L2_SWITCH	

Advanced Setting

Quiet Period	60
TX Period	30
Supplicant Timeout	30
Server Timeout	30
Max Requests	2
Re-Auth Period	3600

Apply Help

802.1x Radius Server interface

Label	Description
802.1x Portocol	Enable or Disable 802.1X Radius Server function .
Radius Server IP	The IP address of the authentication server.
Server port	Set the UDP port number used by the authentication server to
	authenticate.
Account port	Set the UDP destination port for accounting requests to the specified
	Radius Server.
Shared Key	A key shared between this switch and authentication server.
NAS, Identifier	A string used to identify this switch.
Advanced Setting	
Quiet Period	Set the time interval between authentication failure and the start of a
	new authentication attempt.
Tx Period	Set the time that the switch can wait for response to an EAP
	request/identity frame from the client before resending the request.
Supplicant Timeout	Set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to
	an EAP request.
Server Timeout	Set the period of time the switch waits for a Radius server response
	to an authentication request.
Max Requests	Set the maximum number of times to retry sending packets to the
	supplicant.
Re-Auth Period	Set the period of time after which clients connected must be
	re-authenticated.
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

802.1x-Port Authorized Mode

Set the 802.1x authorized mode of each port.

802.1x - Port Authorize Setting

Port No.	Port Authorize Mode
Port.01	Accept 🗸
Port.02	Reject Accept
Port.03	Authorize
Port.04	Disable



Label	Description	
Port Authorized Mode	Reject: force this port to be unauthorized.	
	• Accept: force this port to be authorized.	
	Authorize: the state of this port was determined by	
	the outcome of the 802.1x authentication.	
	Disable: this port will not participate in 802.1x.	
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	

802.1x-Port Authorized Mode

Show 802.1x port authorized state.

802.1x - Port Authorize State

Port No.	Port Authorize State
Port.01	Accept
Port.02	Accept
Port.03	Accept
Port.04	Accept
Port.05	Accept
Port.06	Accept
Port.07	Accept
G1	Accept
G2	Accept
G3	Accept

802.1x Port Authorize State interface

5.1.8.5 IP Guard

IP Guard – Port Setting

This page allows you to configure port configuration of IP Guard. IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP(the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.

Port No.	Mode
Port.01	Monitor 🔽
Port.02	Security 🔽
Port.03	Disabled 🔽
Port.04	Disabled 🔽

IP Guard - Port Setting State interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description		
Mode	Disable mode: function is totally disabled.		
	Monitor mode: function is disabled, but keeps		
	monitor the IP traffic.		
	 Security mode: function is enabled, the illegal IP 		
	taffic will be blocked.		
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.		
Help	Show help file.		

IP Guard – Allow List

IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP(the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.

This page allows you to configure IP Guard allowed list. The IP traffic will be blocked, if it was not in allowed list

IP G	uard -	Allow L	ist					
	Delete	IP		MAC		Port	Statu	15
		192.168.10.66		001E94112	001E94112547		Active	*
	Apply							
]	IP		MAC	P	Port	Statu	15
					Port	t.01 🔽	Active	~
	Add Help]						

IP Guard – Allow List State interface

Label	Description
IP	IP address of the allowed entry.
MAC	MAC address of the allowed entry.
Port	Port number of the allowed entry.
Status	If you doubt some allowed IP traffic are abnormal, you could
	block the traffic use this field.
	Active: Allow the IP traffic.
	Suspend: Block the IP traffic.
Delete	If you want to delete the entry, please check this box and apply
	it.

IP Guard – Super-IP List

IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP(the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.

This page allows you to configure IP Guard Super-IP list. Super-IP entry has a special priority, the IP has no limited of MAC address and port binding. Any IP traffic are allowed, when the IP is in the Super-IP list.

IP Guard - Super-IP List	
IP Address :	
Add Help	
Super-IP List	
IP Address	
Delete	

IP Guard – Super-IP List State interface

IP Guard – Super-IP List

IP Guard is an intelligent and easy use function for IP security. It could protect the network from unknown IP(the IP not in allowed list) attack. The illegal IP traffic will be blocked.

IP Guard - Monitor List

Add to Allow List	IP	MAC	Port	Time
	192.168.10.66	001E94988989	Port.08	19700103 19:20
Apply Reload Clear	Help			

Label	Description
IP	IP address of entry.
MAC	MAC address of entry.
Port	Port number of entry.
Time	The logged time .
Add to Allow List	If you want to allow the IP traffic, please check this box and apply it.

5.1.9 Warning

Warning function is very important for managing switch. You can manage switch by SYSLOG, E-MAIL, and Fault Relay. It helps you to monitor the switch status on remote site. When events occurred, the warning message will send to your appointed server, E-MAIL, or relay fault to switch panel.

System alarm support two warning mode: 1. SYSLOG. 2. E-MAIL. You can monitor switch through selected system events.

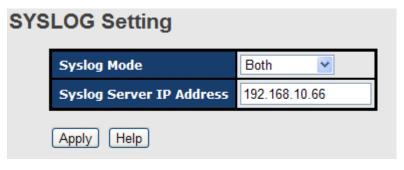
Warning – Fault Relay Alarm

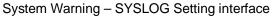
When any selected fault event is happened, the Fault LED in switch panel will light up and the electric relay will signal at the same time.

Fault Relay Aları	m
Power Failure	
PWR 1	PWR 2
Port Link Down	/Broken
Port.01	Port.02
Port.03	Port.04
Port.05	Port.06
Port.07	G1
□ G2	🗌 G3
Apply Help	

System Warning – SYSLOG Setting

The SYSLOG is a protocol to transmit event notification messages across networks. Please refer to RFC 3164 - The BSD SYSLOG Protocol





The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SYSLOG Mode	Disable: disable SYSLOG.
	Client Only: log to local system.
	Server Only: log to a remote SYSLOG server.
	Both: log to both of local and remote server.
SYSLOG Server IP	The remote SYSLOG Server IP address.
Address	
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

System Warning – SMTP Setting

The SMTP is Short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. It is a protocol for e-mail transmission across the Internet. Please refer to RFC 821 - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.

SMTP Setting

E-mail Alert:	Enable	*

192.168.10.66
Automated Email Alert
test mail
test@192.168.10.66

System Warning - SMTP Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.
--

Label	Description
E-mail Alart	Enable/Disable transmission system warning events by e-mail.
SMTP Server IP Address	Setting up the mail server IP address
Mail Subject	The Subject of the mail

Sender	Set up the email account to send the alert.
Authentication	■ Username: the authentication username.
	Password: the authentication password.
	■ Confirm Password: re-enter password.
Recipient E-mail Address	The recipient's E-mail address. It supports 6 recipients for a
	mail.
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

System Warning – Event Selection

SYSLOG and SMTP are the two warning methods that supported by the system. Check the corresponding box to enable system event warning method you wish to choose. Please note that the checkbox can not be checked when SYSLOG or SMTP is disabled.

Event Selection

System Event

Event Type	Syslog	SMTP
Device cold start		
Device warm start		
Authentication failure		
O-Ring topology change		

Port Event

Port	Syslog	SMTP
Port.01	Link Down	Disable 💌
Port.02	Disable 💌	Link Up & Link Down 💌

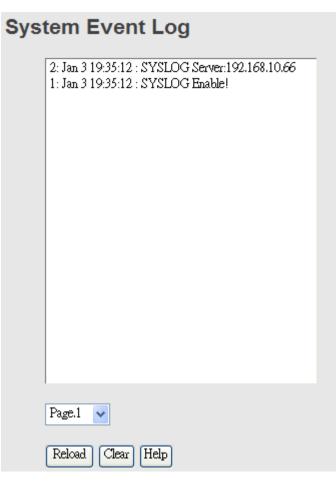
System Warning – Event Selection interface

Label	Description
Device cold start	When the device executes cold start, the system will issue a
	log event.
Device warm start	When the device executes warm start, the system will issue a

	log event.
Authentication Failure	Alert when SNMP authentication failure.
O-Ring topology change	Alert when O-Ring topology changes.
Port Event	■ Disable
	■ Link Up
	■ Link Down
	Link Up & Link Down
Apply	Click " Apply " to set the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.10 Monitor and Diag 5.1.10.1 System Event Log

If system log client is enabled, the system event logs will be shown in this table.



System event log interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Page	Select LOG page.
Reload	To get the newest event logs and refresh this page.
Clear	Clear log.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.10.2 MAC Address Table

Refer to IEEE 802.1 D Sections 7.9. The MAC Address Table, that is Filtering Database, supports queries by the Forwarding Process, as to whether a frame received by a given port with a given destination MAC address is to be forwarded through a given potential transmission port.

Туре	MAC Address	Port No.
Static	001122334455	Port.06
Dynamic	001E94988989	Port.08
Static	01005E000006	Port.05
	ess Aging Setting	
AC Addre	SSS AUTIN SELLING	
	Aging Time: ^{5 min.}	

MAC Address Table interface

Label	Description
Port NO. :	Show all MAC addresses mapping to a selected port in table.
Flush MAC Table	Clear all MAC addresses in table
MAC Address Aging	Assign aging time MUST be multiple of 15.

Time	
Auto Flush Table	Enable this function , when port link down , switch will Flush MAC
When Ports Link	table.
Down	
MAC Address Auto	Enable or Disable MAC Learning function .
Learning	
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.

5.1.10.3 Port Overview

Port statistics show several statistics counters for all ports

Port Overview

Port No.	Туре	Link	State	TX Good Packet	TX Bad Packet	RX Good Packet	RX Bad Packet	TX Abort Packet	Packet Collision
Port.01	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.02	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.03	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.04	100TX	Down	Forwarding	0	0	0	0	0	0
		i							

Port Overview interface

Label	Description
Туре	Show port speed and media type.
Link	Show port link status.
State	Show ports enable or disable.
TX GOOD Packet	The number of good packets sent by this port.
TX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets sent by this port.
RX GOOD Packet The number of good packets received by this port.	
RX Bad Packet	The number of bad packets received by this port.
TX Abort Packet	The number of packets aborted by this port.
Packet Collision	The number of times a collision detected by this port.
Clear	Clear all counters.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.10.4 Port Counters

This page shows statistic counters for the port. The "Clear" button is to reset all counters to zero for all ports.

Port No. : Port.01 💌			
InGoodOctetsLo	InGoodOctetsHi	InBadOctets	OutFCSErr
0	0	0	0
InUnicasts	Deferred	InBroadcasts	InMulticasts
0	0	0	0
Octets64	Octets127	Octets255	Octets511
0	0	0	0
Octets1023	OctetsMax	OutOctetsLo	OutOctetsHi
0	0	0	0
OutUnicasts	Excessive	OutMulticasts	OutBroadcasts
0	0	0	0
Single	OutPause	InPause	Multiple
0	0	0	0
Undersize	Fragments	Oversize	Jabber
0	0	0	0
InMACRcvErr	InFCSErr	Collisions	Late
0	0	0	0

Port Counters interface

Label	Description
	The lower 32-bits of the 64-bit InGoodOctets counter. The sum of
InGoodOctetsLo	lengths of all good Ethernet frames received, that is frames that
	are not bad frames.
	The upper 32-bits of the 64-bit InGoodOctets counter. The sum of
InGoodOctetsHi	lengths of all good Ethernet frames received, that is frames that
	are not bad frames.
InBadOctets	The sum of lengths of all bad Ethernet frames received.
	The number of frames transmitted with a invalid FCS. Whenever
	a frame is modified during transmission(e.g., to add or remove a
OutFCSErr	tag) the frames's original FCS is inspected before a new FCS is
	added to a modified frame. If the original FCS is invalid, the new
	FCS is made invalid too and this counter is incremented.
InUnicasts	The number of good frames received that have a Unicast
monicasis	destination MAC address.
	The total number of successfully transmitted frames that
Deferred	experienced no collisions bu are delayed because the medium
	was busy during the first attempt. This counter is applicable in

	half-duplex only.
InBroadcasts	The number of good frames received that have a Broadcast
	destination MAC address.
InMulticasts	The number of good frames received that have a Multicast
Inmuticasts	destnation MAC address.
Octets64	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of exactly
OCIEIS04	64 octes, include those with errors.
Octets127	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets 127	between 65 and 127 octes in clusive, including those with error.
004040255	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets255	between 128 and 255 octes in clusive, including those with error.
0-1-1-544	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets511	between 256 and 511 octes in clusive, including those with error.
0 / / /000	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
Octets1023	between 512 and 1023 octes in clusive, including those with error.
	Total frames received (and/or transmitted) with a length of
OctetsMax	between 1024 and MaxSize octes in clusive, including those with
	error.
	The lower 32-bit of the 64-bit OutOctets counter. The sum of
OutOctetsLo	lengths of all Ethernet frames sent from this MAC.
	The upper 32-bit of the 64-bit OutOctets counter. The sum of
OutOctetsHi	lengths of all Ethernet frames sent from this MAC.
	The number of frames sent that have an Unicast destination MAC
OutUnicasts	address.
	The number frames dropped in the transmit MAC because the
_ .	frame experienced 16 consecutive collisions. This counter is
Excessive	applicable in half-duplex only and only of DiscardExcessive is
	one.
	The number of good frames sent that have a Broadcast
OutBroadcasts	destination MAC address.
	The total number of successfully transmitted frames that
Single	experienced exactly one collision. This counter is applicable in
	half-duplex only.
OutPause	The number of good Flow Control frames sent.
InPause	The number of good Flow Control frames received.
	The total number of successfully transmitted frames that
Multiple	experienced more than one collision. This counter is applicable in

	half-duplex only.	
Undersize	Total frames received with a length of less than 64 octets but with	
Undersize	a valid FCS.	
Fragmanta	Total frames received with a length of more than 64 octets and	
Fragments	with a invalid FCS.	
Oversize	Total frames received with a length of more than MaxSize octets	
Oversize	but with a valid FCS.	
Jabber	Total frames received with a length of more than MaxSize octets	
Jabbei	but with an invalid FCS.	
InMACRcvErr Total frames received with an RxErr signal from the PHY		
InFCSErr	Total frames received with a CRC error not counted in Fragments,	
	Jabber or RxErr.	
	The number of collision events seen by MAC not including those	
Collisions	conted in Single, Multiple, Excessive or Late. This counter is	
	applicable in half-duplex only.	
	The number of times a collision is detected later than 512	
Late	bits-times into the transmission of a frame. This counter is	
	applicable in half-duplex only.	

5.1.10.5 Port Monitoring

Port monitoring function supports TX (egress) only, RX (ingress) only, and both TX/RX monitoring. TX monitoring sends any data that egress out checked TX source ports to a selected TX destination port as well. RX monitoring sends any data that ingress in checked RX source ports out to a selected RX destination port as well as sending the frame where it normally would have gone. Note that keep all source ports unchecked in order to disable port monitoring.

	0				
Port No.	Destinat	tion Port	Source Port		
PORT NO.	RX	ТХ	RX	ТХ	
Port.01	۲	۲			
Port.02	0	0			
Port.03	0	0			
Port.04	0	0			
	0 0	0			

Port Monitoring

Port monitoring interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description		
Destination Port	The port will receive a copied frame from source port for		
	monitoring purpose.		
Source Port	The port will be monitored. Mark the blank of TX or RX to be		
	monitored.		
ТХ	The frames come into switch port.		
RX	The frames receive by switch port.		
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.		
Clear	Clear all marked blank.(disable the function)		
Help	Show help file.		

5.1.10.6 Traffic Monitor

The function can monitor switch Traffic. If traffic is too large, Switch will sent SYSLOG Event or SMTP Mail .

Traffic Monitor

Port No.	Monitored-Counter	Time-Interval (1~300s)	Increasing-Quantity
Port.01	RX Octet 🛛 🖌	3	1000
Port.02	RX Broadcast 🛛 👻	3	1000
Port.03	RX Multicast 🛛 👻	3	1000
Port.04	RX Unicast 🛛 🖌	3	1000
Port.05	RX Non-Unicast 🐱	3	1000
Port 06	Disable 🔍	3	1000

System event log interface

Label	Description	
Monitored –Counter	Select monitor type .	
Time-Interval	Fime-Interval Setting Interval time .	
Increasing – Quantity Setting alarm Quantity		
Event Alarm Select alarm function (SYSLOG or SMTP)		

5.1.10.7 Ping

Ping function allows the switch to send ICMP packets to detect the remote notes.

Ping				
IP Address : 192.168.10.66				
Active Help				
Ping Log				
Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 1 sent Reply seq 1 from 192.168.10.66				
Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 2 sent Reply seq 2 from 192.168.10.66				
Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 3 sent Reply seq 3 from 192.168.10.66				
Pinging 192.168.10.66: seq 4 sent Reply seq 4 from 192.168.10.66				
Ping complete: sent 4, received 4				
Ping interface				

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description			
IP Address	Enter the IP address that you want to detect.			
Active	Click "Active" to send ICMP packets			

5.1.11 Save Configuration

If any configuration changed, "**Save Configuration**" should be clicked to save current configuration data to the permanent flash memory. Otherwise, the current configuration will be lost when power off or system reset.

Save Configuratio	n
Save Help	

System Configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label Description		
Save	Save all configurations.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.12 Factory Default

	Factory Default
	 Keep current IP address setting? Keep current username & password?
	Reset Help
	Factory Default interface
Reset switc	h to default configuration. Click Reset to reset all configurations to the
efault value.	You can select "Keep current IP address setting" and "Keep current

default value. You can select "Keep current IP address setting" and "Keep current username & password" to keep current IP and username and password.

5.1.13 System Reboot System Reboot

Boot from:	
⊙ image bank 0 (k3.04 v1.00 built at May 21 2012,13:54:14) ○ image bank 1: empty	
Reboot Now	

System Reboot interface

Command Line Interface Management

6.1 About CLI Management

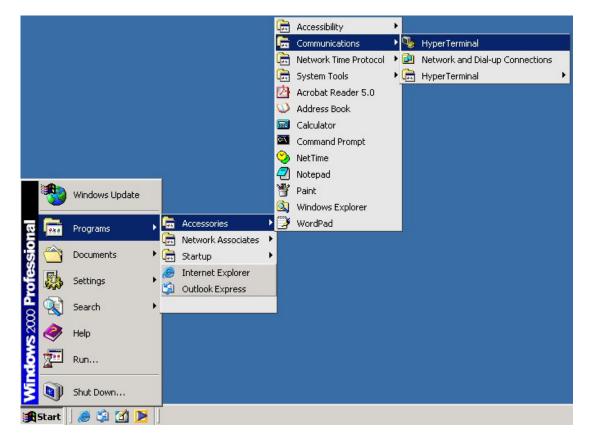
Besides WEB-base management, IES-3162GCalso supports CLI management. You can use console or telnet to management switch by CLI.

CLI Management by RS-232 Serial Console (9600, 8, none, 1, none)

Before Configuring by RS-232 serial console, use an RJ45 to DB9-F cable to connect the Switches' RS-232 Console port to your PCs' COM port.

Follow the steps below to access the console via RS-232 serial cable.

Step 1. From the Windows desktop, click on Start -> Programs -> Accessories -> Communications -> Hyper Terminal



Step 2.	Input a	a name	for new	connection
---------	---------	--------	---------	------------

New Connection - HyperTerminal File Edit View Call Transfer Help		<u> </u>
	Connection Description ? Image: New Connection Enter a name and choose an icon for the connection: Name: Icon: Icon: Icon: Image: Icon: Image: Icon: Image: Image: Icon: Image:	
Disconnected Auto detect	Auto detect SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	1.

Step 3. Select to use COM port number

🌏 termnial - HyperTermina	
File Edit View Call Transl	
De ga De	
	Connect To
	See termnial
	emma
	Enter details for the phone number that you want to dial:
	Country/region: Taiwan (886)
	Area code: 2
	Phone number:
	Connect using: COM1
	OK Cancel
Disconnected Au	detect Auto detect SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo

Step 4. The COM port properties setting, 9600 for Bits per second, 8 for Data bits, None for Parity, 1 for Stop bits and none for Flow control.

A termnial - HynerTerm	inal	? ×				-02
F COM1 Properties						
Bits per second Data bits	ε 8 τ					
Flow control	Restore Default	s				
Disconnected	Auto detect Auto detect	SCROLL C	APS NUM	Capture	Print echo	

Step 5. The Console login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (The same with the password for Web Browser), then press "**Enter**".

[9600) - 超級統	端機					3
.		編輯(E)			轉送(<u>T</u>)	說明(出)		
	ם ב	1	=D 🎦	r				
ſ							-	5
ł								
I								
						IES-3073GC		I
I								
"						Command Line Interface		
								ł
								ł
I						Username :		
I						Deserved		
						Password :		
								ł
2								
1								
							>	1
ý	線 03:2	24:36 V.	[100J	9600 8-N	1 80	CROLL CAPS NUM 擷 列印		

CLI Management by Telnet

Users can use "**TELNET**" to configure the switches.

The default value is as below:

IP Address: 192.168.10.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Default Gateway: 192.168.10.254

User Name: admin

Password: admin

Follow the steps below to access the console via Telnet.

Step 1. Telnet to the IP address of the switch from the Windows "**Run**" command (or from the MS-DOS prompt) as below.

Run	<u>?</u> ×
2	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.
Open:	telnet 192.168.10.1
	OK Cancel Browse

Step 2. The Login screen will appear. Use the keyboard to enter the Username and Password (The same with the password for Web Browser), and then press "**Enter**"

🍓 960	D - 超級終	端機					\mathbf{X}
	編輯(E)			轉送(<u>T</u>)	說明⑪		
🗅 🖻	1	=C 🎦	P				
							^
					IES-3073GC		
					Command Line Interface		
					Username :		
					Password :		
<u> </u>							
《 連線 03:	24-36 V1	100J	9600 8-N-	-1 SC	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	>	J

Modes	Access Method	Prompt	Exit Method	About This Model
User EXEC	Begin a session	switch>	Enter logout	The user command
	with your switch.		or quit .	available at the level of
				user is the subset of
				those available at the
				privileged level.
				Use this mode to
				 Enter menu mode.
				 Display system
				information.
Privileged	Enter the enable	switch#	Enter	The privileged
EXEC	command while in		disable to	command is advance
	user EXEC mode.		exit.	mode
				Privileged this mode to
				 Display advance
				function status
				 save configures
Global	Enter the configure	switch(co	To exit to	Use this mode to
configuration	command while in	nfig)#	privileged	configure
	privileged EXEC		EXEC mode,	parameters that apply
	mode.		enter exit or	to your
			end	Switch as a whole.
VLAN	Enter the vlan	switch(vla	To exit to	Use this mode to
database	database	n)#	user EXEC	configure
	command while in		mode, enter	VLAN-specific
	privileged		exit.	parameters.
	EXEC mode.			
Interface	Enter the interface	switch(co	To exit to	Use this mode to
configuration	command (with a	nfig-if)#	global	configure
	specific		configuration	parameters for the
	interface)while in		mode,	switch and Ethernet
	global configuration		enter exit .	ports.
	mode		To exist	
			privileged	
			EXEC mode	
			or end.	

Commands Level

Symbol of Command Level.

Mode	Symbol of Command Level
User EXEC	E
Privileged EXEC	Р
Global configuration	G
VLAN database	V
Interface	1
configuration	

6.2 Commands Set List—System Commands Set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
show config	Е	Show switch	switch>show config
		configuration	
show terminal	Р	Show console	switch#show terminal
		information	
write memory	Р	Save your	switch#write memory
		configuration into	
		permanent memory	
		(flash rom)	
system name	G	Configure system	switch(config)#system name xxx
[System Name]		name	
system location	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system location xxx
[System Location]		location string	
system description	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system description
[System Description]		description string	ххх
system contact	G	Set switch system	switch(config)#system contact xxx
[System Contact]		contact window string	
show system-info	Е	Show system	switch>show system-info
		information	
ip address	G	Configure the IP	switch(config)#ip address
[lp-address]		address of switch	192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
[Subnet-mask]			192.168.1.254
[Gateway]			
ip dhcp	G	Enable DHCP client	switch(config)#ip dhcp
		function of switch	

[]		1	
show ip	Ρ	Show IP information of	switch#show ip
		switch	
no ip dhcp	G	Disable DHCP client	switch(config)#no ip dhcp
		function of switch	
reload	G	Halt and perform a	switch(config)#reload
		cold restart	
default	G	Restore to default	Switch(config)#default
admin username	G	Changes a login	switch(config)#admin username
[Username]		username.	хххххх
		(maximum 10 words)	
admin password	G	Specifies a password	switch(config)#admin password
[Password]		(maximum 10 words)	хххххх
show admin	Ρ	Show administrator	switch#show admin
		information	
dhcpserver enable	G	Enable DHCP Server	switch(config)#dhcpserver enable
dhcpserver lowip	G	Configure low IP	switch(config)# dhcpserver lowip
[Low IP]		address for IP pool	192.168.1.1
dhcpserver highip	G	Configure high IP	switch(config)# dhcpserver highip
[High IP]		address for IP pool	192.168.1.50
dhcpserver subnetmask	G	Configure subnet	switch(config)#dhcpserver
[Subnet mask]		mask for DHCP clients	subnetmask 255.255.255.0
dhcpserver gateway	G	Configure gateway for	switch(config)#dhcpserver gateway
[Gateway]		DHCP clients	192.168.1.254
dhcpserver dnsip	G	Configure DNS IP for	switch(config)# dhcpserver dnsip
[DNS IP]		DHCP clients	192.168.1.1
dhcpserver leasetime	G	Configure lease time	switch(config)#dhcpserver
[Hours]		(in hour)	leasetime 1
dhcpserver ipbinding	I	Set static IP for DHCP	switch(config)#interface
[IP address]		clients by port	fastEthernet 2
			switch(config-if)#dhcpserver
			ipbinding 192.168.1.1
show dhcpserver	Ρ	Show configuration of	switch#show dhcpserver
configuration		DHCP server	configuration
show dhcpserver clients	Ρ	Show client entries of	switch#show dhcpserver clinets
		DHCP server	
show dhcpserver	Ρ	Show IP-Binding	switch#show dhcpserver ip-binding
		1	

		server	
no dhcpserver	G	Disable DHCP server	switch(config)#no dhcpserver
		function	
security enable	G	Enable IP security	switch(config)#security enable
		function	
security http	G	Enable IP security of	switch(config)#security http
		HTTP server	
security telnet	G	Enable IP security of	switch(config)#security telnet
		telnet server	
security ip	G	Set the IP security list	switch(config)#security ip 1
[Index(110)] [IP			192.168.1.55
Address]			
show security	Р	Show the information	switch#show security
		of IP security	
no security	G	Disable IP security	switch(config)#no security
		function	
no security http	G	Disable IP security of	switch(config)#no security http
		HTTP server	
no security telnet	G	Disable IP security of	switch(config)#no security telnet
		telnet server	

6.3 Commands Set List—Port Commands Set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
interface fastEthernet	G	Choose the port for	switch(config)#interface
[Portid]		modification.	fastEthernet 2
duplex	I	Use the duplex	switch(config)#interface
[full half]		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		command to specify	switch(config-if)#duplex full
		the duplex mode of	
		operation for Fast	
		Ethernet.	
speed	I	Use the speed	switch(config)#interface
[10 100 1000 auto]		configuration	fastEthernet 2
		command to specify	switch(config-if)#speed 100
		the speed mode of	
		operation for Fast	

can't be set to 1000 if the port isn't a giga portlowcontrol mode Symmetric Asymmetric]IUse the flowcontrol configuration rates during congestion.switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#flowcontrol mode Asymmetricso flowcontrolIDisable flow control of interfaceswitch(config-if)#flowcontrol metricso flowcontrolIDisable flow control of interfaceswitch(config-if)#no flowcontrol interfacesecurity enableIEnable security of interfaceswitch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#security enableso securityIDisable security of interfaceswitch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no securityso securityISet interface ingress "accept all frame"switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth type allandwidth typeISet interface ingress "accept broadcast, multicast, and flooded unicast frame"switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interfaceandwidth typeISet interface ingress "accept broadcast, multicast, and flooded unicast frame"switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 "accept broa				
Image: the port isn't a giga portIowcontrol modeIUse the flowcontrol fastEthernet 2 command on Ethernet switch(config-if)#flowcontrol mode ports to control traffic rates during congestion.switch(config-if)#flowcontrol mode AsymmetricImage: the flow control of flowcontrolIDisable flow control of interfaceswitch(config-if)#flowcontrol interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no flowcontrol interfaceImage: the flow controlIDisable flow control of interfaceswitch(config-if)#no flowcontrol interfaceImage: the flow controlIEnable security of interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#security enableImage: the flow controlIDisable security of interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no security enableImage: the flow controlIDisable security of interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#no securityImage: the flow controlIDisable security of interface ingressImage: the flow controlISet interface ingressImage: the flow controlI </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Ethernet., the speed</th> <th></th>			Ethernet., the speed	
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			multicast frame"	broadcast-multicast
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broadcast-only limit frame type to fastEthernet 2	broadcast-only		limit frame type to	fastEthernet 2
"only accept switch(config-if)#bandwidth type			"only accept	switch(config-if)#bandwidth type
broadcast frame" broadcast-only			broadcast frame"	broadcast-only
pandwidth in I Set interface input switch(config)#interface	bandwidth in	I	Set interface input	switch(config)#interface
Value] bandwidth. Rate fastEthernet 2	[Value]		bandwidth. Rate	fastEthernet 2
Range is from 100 switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100			Range is from 100	switch(config-if)#bandwidth in 100

bandwidth out [Value]	I	kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no limit. Set interface output bandwidth. Rate Range is from 100 kbps to 102400 kbps or to 256000 kbps for giga ports, and zero means no	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#bandwidth out 100
show bandwidth	I	limit. Show interfaces bandwidth control	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2
state [Enable Disable]	I		switch(config-if)#show bandwidth switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#state Disable
show interface configuration	Ι	show interface configuration status	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface configuration
show interface status	Ι		switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface status
show interface accounting	Ι	show interface statistic counter	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 2 switch(config-if)#show interface

			accounting
no accounting	I	Clear interface	switch(config)#interface
		accounting	fastEthernet 2
		information	switch(config-if)#no accounting

6.4 Commands Set List—Trunk command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
aggregator priority	G	Set port group system	switch(config)#aggregator priority 22
[1to65535]		priority	
aggregator activityport	G	Set activity port	switch(config)#aggregator
[Port Numbers]			activityport 2
aggregator group	G	Assign a trunk group	switch(config)#aggregator group 1
[GroupID] [Port-list]		with LACP active.	1-4 lacp workp 2
Іаср		[GroupID] :1to3	or
workp		[Port-list]:Member port	switch(config)#aggregator group 2
[Workport]		list, This parameter	1,4,3 lacp workp 3
		could be a port	
		range(ex.1-4) or a port	
		list separate by a	
		comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	
		[Workport]: The	
		amount of work ports,	
		this value could not be	
		less than zero or be	
		large than the amount	
		of member ports.	
aggregator group	G	Assign a static trunk	switch(config)#aggregator group 1
[GroupID] [Port-list]		group.	2-4 nolacp
nolacp		[GroupID] :1to3	or
		[Port-list]:Member port	switch(config)#aggreator group 1
		list, This parameter	3,1,2 nolacp
		could be a port	
		range(ex.1-4) or a port	
		list separate by a	
		comma(ex.2, 3, 6)	

show aggregator	Ρ	Show the information	switch#show aggregator
		of trunk group	
no aggregator lacp	G	Disable the LACP	switch(config)#no aggreator lacp 1
[GroupID]		function of trunk group	
no aggregator group	G	Remove a trunk group	switch(config)#no aggreator group 2
[GroupID]			

6.5 Commands Set List—VLAN command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
vlan database	Р	Enter VLAN configure	switch#vlan database
		mode	
vlan	V	To set switch VLAN	switch(vlan)# vlanmode 802.1q
[8021q gvrp]		mode.	or
			switch(vlan)# vlanmode gvrp
no vlan	V	Disable vlan group(by	switch(vlan)#no vlan 2
[VID]		VID)	
no gvrp	v	Disable GVRP	switch(vlan)#no gvrp
IEEE 802.1Q VLAN			
vlan 8021q port	V	Assign a access link	switch(vlan)#vlan 802.1q port 3
[PortNumber]		for VLAN by port, if the	access-link untag 33
access-link untag		port belong to a trunk	
[UntaggedVID]		group, this command	
		can't be applied.	
vlan 8021q port	v	Assign a trunk link for	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3
[PortNumber]		VLAN by port, if the	trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag		port belong to a trunk	or
[TaggedVID List]		group, this command	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q port 3
		can't be applied.	trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q port	v	Assign a hybrid link for	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3
[PortNumber]		VLAN by port, if the	hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag		port belong to a trunk	or
[UntaggedVID]		group, this command	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q port 3
tag		can't be applied.	hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]			
vlan 8021q aggreator	v	Assign a access link	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggreator 3
[TrunkID]		for VLAN by trunk	access-link untag 33

access-link untag		group	
[UntaggedVID]			
vlan 8021q aggreator	V	Assign a trunk link for	switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggreator 3
[TrunkID]		VLAN by trunk group	trunk-link tag 2,3,6,99
trunk-link tag			or
[TaggedVID List]			switch(vlan)#vlan 8021q aggreator 3
			trunk-link tag 3-20
vlan 8021q aggreator	V	Assign a hybrid link for	switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q aggreator 3
[PortNumber]		VLAN by trunk group	hybrid-link untag 4 tag 3,6,8
hybrid-link untag			or
[UntaggedVID]			switch(vlan)# vlan 8021q aggreator 3
tag			hybrid-link untag 5 tag 6-8
[TaggedVID List]			
show vlan [VID]	V	Show VLAN	switch(vlan)#show vlan 23
or		information	
show vlan			

6.6 Commands Set List—Spanning Tree command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
spanning-tree enable	G	Enable spanning tree	switch(config)#spanning-tree enable
spanning-tree priority	G	Configure spanning	switch(config)#spanning-tree priority
[0to61440]		tree priority parameter	32767
spanning-tree max-age	G	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)# spanning-tree
[seconds]		max-age global	max-age 15
		configuration	
		command to change	
		the interval between	
		messages the	
		spanning tree	
		receives from the root	
		switch. If a switch	
		does not receive a	
		bridge protocol data	
		unit (BPDU) message	

		from the root switch	
		within this interval, it	
		recomputed the	
		Spanning Tree	
		Protocol (STP)	
		topology.	
spanning-tree	G		switch(config)#spanning-tree
hello-time [seconds]		hello-time global	hello-time 3
		configuration	
		command to specify	
		the interval between	
		hello bridge protocol	
		data units (BPDUs).	
spanning-tree	G	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)# spanning-tree
forward-time [seconds]		forward-time global	forward-time 20
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		forwarding-time for the	
		specified	
		spanning-tree	
		instances. The	
		forwarding time	
		determines how long	
		each of the listening	
		and	
		learning states last	
		before the port begins	
		forwarding.	
stp-path-cost	I	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
[1to20000000]		cost interface	2
		configuration	switch(config-if)#stp-path-cost 20
		command to set the	
		path cost for Spanning	
		Tree	
		Protocol (STP)	
		calculations. In the	
		event of a loop,	

no spanning-tree	G	Disable spanning-tree.	switch(config)#no spanning-tree
		the spanning-tree states.	
Show spanning-tree	Е		switch>show spanning-tree
			False
		interface.	switch(config-if)# stp-admin-non-stp
[True False]		STP priority on this	2
stp-admin-non-stp	I	Admin NonSTP of	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
			True
		interface.	switch(config-if)# stp-admin-edge
[True False]		priority on this	2
stp-admin-edge	I	Admin Edge of STP	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
			Auto
		interface.	switch(config-if)# stp-admin-p2p
[Auto True False]		priority on this	2
stp-admin-p2p	I	Admin P2P of STP	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
		switch.	
		position as the root	
		switches tie for	
		is used when two	
		a port priority that	
		command to configure	127
		configuration	switch(config-if)# stp-path-priority
[Port Priority]		port-priority interface	2
stp-path-priority	I	Use the spanning-tree	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
		state.	
		into the forwarding	
		an interface to place	
		cost when selecting	
		considers the path	

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
qos policy	G	Select QOS policy	switch(config)#qos policy
[weighted-fair strict]		scheduling	weighted-fair
qos prioritytype	G	Setting of QOS	switch(config)#qos prioritytype
[port-based cos-only tos		priority type	
-only cos-first tos-first]			
qos priority portbased	G	Configure Port-based	switch(config)#qos priority portbased
[Port]		Priority	1 low
[lowest low middle high]			
qos priority cos	G	Configure COS	switch(config)#qos priority cos 22
[Priority][lowest low mid		Priority	middle
dle high]			
qos priority tos	G	Configure TOS	switch(config)#qos priority tos 3 high
[Priority][lowest low mid		Priority	
dle high]			
show qos	Р	Display the	switch>show qos
		information of QoS	
		configuration	
no qos	G	Disable QoS function	switch(config)#no qos

6.7 Commands Set List—QoS command set

6.8 Commands Set List—IGMP command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
igmp enable	G	Enable IGMP	switch(config)#igmp enable
		snooping function	
Igmp-query auto	G	Set IGMP query to	switch(config)#lgmp-query auto
		auto mode	
Igmp-query force	G	Set IGMP query to	switch(config)#lgmp-query force
		force mode	
show igmp	Р	Displays the details of	switch#show igmp configuration
configuration		an IGMP	
		configuration.	
show igmp multi	Р	Displays the details of	switch#show igmp multi
		an IGMP snooping	
		entries.	
no igmp	G	Disable IGMP	switch(config)#no igmp

		snooping function	
no igmp-query	G	Disable IGMP query	switch#no igmp-query

6.9 Commands Set List—MAC/Filter Table command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
mac-address-table static	I	Configure MAC	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
hwaddr		address table of	2
[MAC]		interface (static).	switch(config-if)#mac-address-table
			static hwaddr 000012345678
mac-address-table filter	G	Configure MAC	switch(config)#mac-address-table
hwaddr		address table(filter)	filter hwaddr 000012348678
[MAC]			
show mac-address-table	Р	Show all MAC	switch#show mac-address-table
		address table	
show mac-address-table	Р	Show static MAC	switch#show mac-address-table
static		address table	static
show mac-address-table	Р	Show filter MAC	switch#show mac-address-table filter
filter		address table.	
no mac-address-table	Т	Remove an entry of	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
static hwaddr		MAC address table of	2
[MAC]		interface (static)	switch(config-if)#no
			mac-address-table static hwaddr
			000012345678
no mac-address-table	G	Remove an entry of	switch(config)#no mac-address-table
filter hwaddr		MAC address table	filter hwaddr 000012348678
[MAC]		(filter)	
no mac-address-table	G	Remove dynamic	switch(config)#no mac-address-table
		entry of MAC address	
		table	

6.10 Commands Set List—SNMP command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
snmp agent-mode	G	Select the agent mode	switch(config)#snmp agent-mode
[v1v2c v3]		of SNMP	v1v2c

snmp-server host	G	Configure SNMP	switch(config)#snmp-server host
[IP address]		server host	192.168.10.50 community public
community		information and	trap-version v1
[Community-string]		community string	(remove)
trap-version			Switch(config)#
[v1 v2c]			no snmp-server host
			192.168.10.50
snmp	G	Configure the	switch(config)#snmp
community-strings		community string right	community-strings public right RO
[Community-string]			or
right			switch(config)#snmp
[RO RW]			community-strings public right RW
snmp snmpv3-user	G	Configure the	switch(config)#snmp snmpv3-user
[User Name]		userprofile for	test01 password AuthPW PrivPW
password		SNMPV3 agent.	
[Authentication		Privacy password	
Password] [Privacy		could be empty.	
Password]			
show snmp	Р	Show SNMP	switch#show snmp
		configuration	
show snmp-server	Р	Show specified trap	switch#show snmp-server
		server information	
no snmp	G	Remove the specified	switch(config)#no snmp
community-strings		community.	community-strings public
[Community]			
no snmp snmpv3-user	G	Remove specified	switch(config)# no snmp
[User Name]		user of SNMPv3	snmpv3-user test01 password
password		agent. Privacy	AuthPW PrivPW
[Authentication		password could be	
Password] [Privacy		empty.	
Password]			
no snmp-server host	G	Remove the SNMP	switch(config)#no snmp-server
[Host-address]		server host.	192.168.10.50

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
monitor rx	G	Set RX destination	switch(config)#monitor rx
		port of monitor	
		function	
monitor tx	G	Set TX destination	switch(config)#monitor tx
		port of monitor	
		function	
show monitor	Р	Show port monitor	switch#show monitor
		information	
monitor	I	Configure source port	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
[RX TX Both]		of monitor function	2
			switch(config-if)#monitor RX
show monitor	I	Show port monitor	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
		information	2
			switch(config-if)#show monitor
no monitor	I	Disable source port of	switch(config)#interface fastEthernet
		monitor function	2
			switch(config-if)#no monitor

6.11 Commands Set List—Port Mirroring command set

6.12 Commands Set List—802.1x command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
8021x enable	G	Use the 802.1x global	switch(config)# 8021x enable
		configuration	
		command to enable	
		802.1x protocols.	
8021x system radiousip	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
[IP address]		system radious IP	radiousip 192.168.1.1
		global configuration	
		command to change	
		the radious server IP.	
8021x system serverport	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
[port ID]		system server port	serverport 1815
		global configuration	
		command to change	
		the radious server port	

8021x system	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
accountport		system account port	accountport 1816
[port ID]		global configuration	
		command to change	
		the accounting port	
8021x system sharekey	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system
[ID]		system share key	sharekey 123456
		global configuration	
		command to change	
		the shared key value.	
8021x system nasid	G	Use the 802.1x	switch(config)# 8021x system nasid
[words]		system nasid global	test1
		configuration	
		command to change	
		the NAS ID	
8021x misc quietperiod	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
[sec.]		quiet period global	quietperiod 10
		configuration	
		command to specify	
		the quiet period value	
		of the switch.	
8021x misc txperiod	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc txperiod
[sec.]		TX period global	5
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		TX period.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
supportimeout [sec.]		supp timeout global	supportimeout 20
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		supplicant timeout.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)#8021x misc
servertimeout [sec.]		server timeout global	servertimeout 20
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		server timeout.	

8021x misc maxrequest	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
	G		
[number]		max request global	maxrequest 3
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		MAX requests.	
8021x misc	G	Use the 802.1x misc	switch(config)# 8021x misc
reauthperiod [sec.]		reauth period global	reauthperiod 3000
		configuration	
		command to set the	
		reauth period.	
8021x portstate	Ι	Use the 802.1x port	switch(config)#interface fastethernet
[disable reject accept		state interface	3
authorize]		configuration	switch(config-if)#8021x portstate
		command to set the	accept
		state of the selected	
		port.	
show 8021x	Е	Display a summary of	switch>show 8021x
		the 802.1x properties	
		and also the port	
		sates.	
no 8021x	G	Disable 802.1x	switch(config)#no 8021x
		function	

6.13 Commands Set List—TFTP command set

IES-3162GCCommands		Description	Defaults
123-310290000mmanus	Levei	Description	Example
backup	G	Save configuration to	switch(config)#backup
flash:backup_cfg		TFTP and need to	flash:backup_cfg
		specify the IP of TFTP	
		server and the file	
		name of image.	

restore flash:restore_cfg	G	Get configuration from	switch(config)#restore
		TFTP server and need	flash:restore_cfg
		to specify the IP of	
		TFTP server and the	
		file name of image.	
upgrade	G	Upgrade firmware by	switch(config)#upgrade
flash:upgrade_fw		TFTP and need to	lash:upgrade_fw
		specify the IP of TFTP	
		server and the file	
		name of image.	

6.14 Commands Set List—SYSLOG, SMTP, EVENT command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
systemlog ip	G	Set System log server	switch(config)# systemlog ip
[IP address]		IP address.	192.168.1.100
systemlog mode	G	Specified the log	switch(config)# systemlog mode
[client server both]		mode	both
show systemlog	Е	Display system log.	Switch>show systemlog
show systemlog	Р	Show system log	switch#show systemlog
		client & server	
		information	
no systemlog	G	Disable systemlog	switch(config)#no systemlog
		functon	
smtp enable	G	Enable SMTP function	switch(config)#smtp enable
smtp serverip	G	Configure SMTP	switch(config)#smtp serverip
[IP address]		server IP	192.168.1.5
smtp authentication	G	Enable SMTP	switch(config)#smtp authentication
		authentication	
smtp account	G	Configure	switch(config)#smtp account User
[account]		authentication	
		account	
smtp password	G	Configure	switch(config)#smtp password
[password]		authentication	
		password	

smtp rcptemail	G	Configure Rcpt e-mail	switch(config)#smtp rcptemail
[Index] [Email address]		Address	1 <u>Alert@test.com</u>
show smtp	Р	Show the information	switch#show smtp
		of SMTP	
no smtp	G	Disable SMTP	switch(config)#no smtp
		function	
event device-cold-start	G	Set cold start event	switch(config)#event
[Systemlog SMTP Both]		type	device-cold-start both
event	G	Set Authentication	switch(config)#event
authentication-failure		failure event type	authentication-failure both
[Systemlog SMTP Both]			
event	G	Set s ring topology	switch(config)#event
O-Ring-topology-change		changed event type	ring-topology-change both
[Systemlog SMTP Both]			
event systemlog	I	Set port event for	switch(config)#interface fastethernet
[Link-UP Link-Down Bot		system log	3
h]			switch(config-if)#event systemlog
			both
event smtp	I	Set port event for	switch(config)#interface fastethernet
[Link-UP Link-Down Bot		SMTP	3
h]			switch(config-if)#event smtp both
show event	Р	Show event selection	switch#show event
no event	G	Disable cold start	switch(config)#no event
device-cold-start		event type	device-cold-start
no event	G	Disable Authentication	switch(config)#no event
authentication-failure		failure event typ	authentication-failure
no event	G	Disable O-Ring	switch(config)#no event
O-Ring-topology-change		topology changed	ring-topology-change
		event type	
no event systemlog	I	Disable port event for	switch(config)#interface fastethernet
		system log	3
			switch(config-if)#no event systemlog
no event smpt	I	Disable port event for	switch(config)#interface fastethernet
		SMTP	3
-			switch(config-if)#no event smtp
show systemlog	Ρ	Show system log	switch#show systemlog
		client & server	

information

6.15 Commands Set List—SNTP command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
sntp enable	G	Enable SNTP function	switch(config)#sntp enable
sntp daylight	G	Enable daylight saving	switch(config)#sntp daylight
		time, if SNTP function	
		is inactive, this	
		command can't be	
		applied.	
sntp daylight-period	G	Set period of daylight	switch(config)# sntp daylight-period
[Start time] [End time]		saving time, if SNTP	20060101-01:01 20060202-01-01
		function is inactive,	
		this command can't be	
		applied.	
		Parameter format:	
		[yyyymmdd-hh:mm]	
sntp daylight-offset	G	Set offset of daylight	switch(config)#sntp daylight-offset 3
[Minute]		saving time, if SNTP	
		function is inactive,	
		this command can't be	
		applied.	
sntp ip	G	Set SNTP server IP, if	switch(config)#sntp ip 192.169.1.1
[IP]		SNTP function is	
		inactive, this	
		command can't be	
		applied.	
sntp timezone	G	Set timezone index,	switch(config)#sntp timezone 22
[Timezone]		use "show sntp	
		timzezone" command	
		to get more	
		information of index	
		number	
show sntp	Р	Show SNTP	switch#show sntp
		information	
show sntp timezone	Ρ	Show index number of	switch#show sntp timezone

		time zone list	
no sntp	G	Disable SNTP	switch(config)#no sntp
		function	
no sntp daylight	G	Disable daylight	switch(config)#no sntp daylight
		saving time	

6.16 Commands Set List—O-Ring command set

IES-3162GCCommands	Level	Description	Example
Ring enable	G	Enable O-Ring	switch(config)# ring enable
Ring master	G	Enable ring master	switch(config)# ring master
Ring couplering	G	Enable couple ring	switch(config)# ring couplering
Ring dualhoming	G	Enable dual homing	switch(config)# ring dualhoming
Ring ringport	G	Configure 1st/2nd	switch(config)# ring ringport 7 8
[1st Ring Port] [2nd Ring		Ring Port	
Port]			
Ring couplingport	G	Configure Coupling	switch(config)# ring couplingport 1
[Coupling Port]		Port	
Ring controlport	G	Configure Control Port	switch(config)# ring controlport 2
[Control Port]			
Ring homingport	G	Configure Dual	switch(config)# ring homingport 3
[Dual Homing Port]		Homing Port	
show Ring	Р	Show the information	switch#show ring
		of O-Ring	
no Ring	G	Disable O-Ring	switch(config)#no ring
no Ring master	G	Disable ring master	switch(config)# no ring master
no Ring couplering	G	Disable couple ring	switch(config)# no ring couplering
no Ring dualhoming	G	Disable dual homing	switch(config)# no ring dualhoming

Technical Specifications

IES-3162GC				
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7				
3				
IEEE 802.3 for 10Base-T				
IEEE 802.3u for 100Base-TX and 100Base-FX				
IEEE 802.3z for 1000Base-X				
IEEE 802.3ab for 1000Base-T				
IEEE 802.3x for Flow control				
IEEE 802.3ad for LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol)				
IEEE 802.1D for STP (Spanning Tree Protocol)				
IEEE 802.1p for COS (Class of Service)				
IEEE 802.1Q for VLAN Tagging				
IEEE 802.1w for RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol) IEEE 802.1s for MSTP (Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol)				
IEEE 802.1x for Authentication				
IEEE 802.1A for LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol)				
8192 MAC addresses				
4				
Store-and-Forward				
Switching latency: 7 us				
Switching bandwidth: 7.4Gbps				
Max. Number of Available VLANs: 4096				
IGMP multicast groups: 1024				
Port rate limiting: User Define				
Enable/disable ports, MAC based port security				
Port based network access control (802.1x)				
VLAN (802.1Q) to segregate and secure network traffic				
Supports Q-in-Q VLAN for performance & security to expand the VLAN space				
Radius centralized password management				
SNMP v1/v2c/v3 encrypted authentication and access security				
STP/RSTP/MSTP (IEEE 802.1D/w/s)				
Redundant Ring (O-Ring) with recovery time less than 10ms over 250 units				
TOS/Diffserv supported				
Quality of Service (802.1p) for real-time traffic				
VLAN (802.1Q) with VLAN tagging and GVRP supported				
IGMP Snooping for multicast filtering				
Port configuration, status, statistics, monitoring, security				
SNTP for synchronizing of clocks over network				
Support PTP Client (Precision Time Protocol) clock synchronization				
DHCP Server / Client support				
Port Trunk support				
MVR (Multicast VLAN Registration) support				
MRP O Ping				
O-Ring Open-Ring				
STP				
RSTP				
MSTP				
Relay output for fault event alarming				
Syslog server / client to record and view events				

	Event selection support
RS-232 Serial Console Port	RS-232 in RJ45 connector with console cable. 9600bps, 8, N, 1
LED Indicators	
Power Indicator	Green : Power LED x 3
R.M. Indicator	Green : Indicate system operated in O-Ring master mode
Fault Indicator	Amber : Indicate unexpected event occurred
10/100Base-T(X) RJ45 Port Indicator	Green for port Link/Act. Amber for Duplex/Collision
10/100/1000Base-T(X) RJ45 Port Indicator	Green for port Link/Act. Amber for 100Mbps indicator
100/1000Base-X SFP Port Indicator	Green for port Link/Act.
Fault contact	
Relay	Relay output to carry capacity of 1A at 24VDC
Power	
Redundant Input Power	Dual DC inputs. 12 ~ 48VDC on 6-pin terminal block
Power Consumption (Typ.)	12 Watts
Overload Current Protection	Present
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present on terminal block
Physical Characteristic	
Enclosure	IP-30
Dimension (W x D x H)	74.3(W)x109.2(D)x153.6(H) mm (2.93 x 4.3 x 6.05 inch)
Weight (g)	1045 g
Environmental	
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)
Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C (-40 to 158°F)
Operating Humidity	5% to 95% Non-condensing
Regulatory approvals	
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Safety	EN60950-1
Warranty	5 years